CANADA PROVINCE OF QUÉBEC DISTRICT OF MONTRÉAL

SUPERIOR COURT

(Commercial Division)

(Sitting as a court designated pursuant to the *Companies' Creditors Arrangement Act*, RSC 1985, c. C-36)

No.: 500-11-061483-224

IN THE MATTER OF THE COMPROMISE OR ARRANGEMENT OF:

FORMERXBC INC. (formerly XEBEC ADSORPTION INC.) ET AL.

Debtors / Petitioners

-and-

DELOITTE RESTRUCTURING INC.

Monitor

APPLICATION OF THE MONITOR FOR THE APPROVAL OF A PROPOSED ALLOCATION METHOD

(Section 11 of the *Companies' Creditors Arrangement Act*, RSC 1985, c C-36 (the "**CCAA**"))

TO THE HONOURABLE JUSTICE CHRISTIAN IMMER, J.S.C. SITTING IN COMMERCIAL DIVISION, IN THE JUDICIAL DISTRICT OF MONTRÉAL, THE MONITOR, DELOITTE RESTRUCTURING INC., RESPECTFULLY SUBMITS AS FOLLOWS:

I. INTRODUCTION

- 1. By the present Application, Deloitte Restructuring Inc., in its capacity as Court-appointed monitor (the "Monitor") is seeking the approval of a proposed allocation method (the "Proposed Allocation Method") in respect of the net proceeds currently held by the Monitor (the "Net Proceeds"), including regarding the allocation, between the Petitioners' estates, of proceeds from sale transactions, intercompany transactions and costs incurred since the initiation of these CCAA proceedings, the whole as more fully described in this Application and in the Monitor's report (the "Proposed Allocation Method Report") filed as Exhibit M-1 in support of this Application for approval by the Court.
- 2. The necessity for an allocation method has been contemplated since the beginning of these CCAA proceedings, and is currently required pursuant to para. 28 to 30 of the *Fifth Amended and Restated Initial Order* issued on March 27, 2023 (the "**Fifth ARIO**").

II. PROCEDURAL BACKGROUND

- 3. On September 29, 2022 (the "**Filing Date**"), at the request of the Debtors / Petitioners (the "**Petitioners**"), the Court issued a First Day Initial Order (the "**FDIO**") pursuant to the CCAA and a Bidding Procedures Order, as appears from the Court record.
- 4. The FDIO, *inter alia*:
 - (a) appointed the Monitor;
 - (b) ordered a stay of proceedings in respect of the Petitioners and their directors and officers until October 7, 2022 (as extended from time to time), (the "**Stay**"); and
 - (c) declared that Québec is the "center of main interest" of the Petitioners and, accordingly, authorized the Petitioners to apply, as they may consider necessary or desirable, to any other court, tribunal, regulatory, administrative or other body, wherever located, for orders to recognize and/or assist in carrying out the terms of the Initial Order and any subsequent Orders rendered by this Court in the context of these proceedings, including, without limitation, orders under Chapter 15 of the United States Bankruptcy Code 11 U.S.C. §§ 101-1532.
- 5. The Bidding Procedures Order, *inter alia*, approved the proposed Sale and Investment Solicitation Process (the "**SISP**") and its implementation, including the engagement of National Bank Financial ("**NBF**") to assist in the implementation of the SISP, as appears from the Court record.
- 6. On October 20, 2022, at the Petitioners' request, the Court issued an Amended and Restated Initial Order (the "**ARIO**") pursuant to the CCAA, which, *inter alia*:
 - (a) approved a key employee retention plan, a key vice-president retention plan and a key executive incentive plan (collectively, the "KERPs") and granted a Courtordered charge to secure the payment owed to the key employees in accordance with the KERPs (the "KERP Charge"); and
 - (b) approved the interim financing facility (the "DIP Facility") provided by the secured creditors of the Petitioners, National Bank of Canada ("NBC") and Export Development Canada ("EDC" and, collectively with NBC, the "Interim Lenders") in accordance with the Interim Financing Term Sheet filed under seal in support of the Application for the Issuance of an Amended and Restated Initial Order, and granted a Court-ordered charge (the "DIP Charge") in an amount sufficient to cover the potential exposure of the Interim Lenders under the DIP Facility.
- 7. On February 3, 2023, at the Petitioners' request, the Court issued a Second Amended and Restated Initial Order (the "**Second ARIO**"), pursuant to the CCAA, as appears from the Court record.
- 8. The Second ARIO, *inter alia*, increased the Administration Charge to a maximum amount of \$3,000,000.
- 9. On the same date, the Court also issued the Approval and Vesting Order in respect of the assets of Applied Compression Systems Ltd. (the "ACS AVO") and authorized that the

proceeds from said transaction be used to pay amounts owed to professionals secured by the Administration Charge, the whole as appears from the Court record.

- 10. On February 13, 2023, at the Petitioners' request, the Court issued a Third Amended and Restated Initial Order (the "**Third ARIO**"), pursuant to which the Court, *inter alia*:
 - (a) approved the second interim financing facility (the "Second DIP Facility") provided by EDC in accordance with the Second Interim Financing Term Sheet filed under seal support of the Application for the Issuance of a Third Amended and Restated Order, and granted a Court-ordered charge (the "Second DIP Charge") in an amount sufficient to covert the potential exposure of EDC under the Second DIP Facility;
 - (b) provided for a reduction mechanism of the Administration Charge, to take effect upon issuance of the Monitor's certificate confirming, at the earliest of (i) the receipt of the Initial Advance of the Second DIP Facility or (ii) of the payments of the net proceeds of the transaction, as further detailed at paragraph 72 of the Third ARIO.
- 11. On the same date, the Court also issued the GNR AVO and the Sullair AVO, as defined and as further described below.
- 12. The Ivys AVO, dated February 17, 2023, was also subsequently issued by the Court.
- 13. Pursuant to the GNR AVO, the Sullair AVO and the Ivys AVO, the Court authorized that a portion of the proceeds from said transactions, up to an amount up to \$1,100,000, be used to pay amounts owed to professionals secured by the Administration Charge, the whole as appears from the Court record.
- 14. On February 21, 2023, in accordance with the Third ARIO, the Monitor issued a certificate confirming that the initial advance of the Second DIP Facility of \$1,250,000 by EDC contemplated in the Third ARIO had been received and the Administration Charge was accordingly reduced to \$2,250,000.
- 15. On March 16, 2023, at the Monitor's request, the Court issued an Order Authorizing the Monitor to Pay Certain Amounts Owed to Beneficiaries of CCAA Charges (the "**Monitor Payments Order**"), as appears from the Court record.
- 16. The Monitor Payments Order, inter alia:
 - (a) authorized the Monitor to pay from the net proceeds of the previously closed transactions, amounts owed under the DIP Charge, Second DIP Charge and the Transaction Charge, as and when they become due;
 - (b) declared that upon making payments under the DIP Charge, Second DIP Charge and Transaction Charge, and receiving confirmation of the respective parties of the reimbursement of the obligations secured by these charges, the Monitor shall notify and file with the Court record a certificate confirming and effecting the cancellation and discharge of the DIP Charge, the Second DIP Charge and the Transaction Charge;

- (c) authorized the Monitor to pay from the net proceeds of the previously closed transactions, amounts owed under the KERP as and when they become due; and
- (d) declared that upon making payments under the KERP Charge, the Monitor shall notify and file with the Court record a certificate confirming and effecting the reduction and/or cancellation and discharge of the KERP Charge, as the case may be.
- 17. Also on March 16, 2023, at the Petitioners' request, the Court issued a Fourth Amended and Restated Initial Order (the "**Fourth ARIO**"), pursuant to which the Court, *inter alia*:
 - (a) declared that the certificates of the Monitor to be issued and filed in the Court record pursuant to the Monitor Payments Order shall validly reduce and/or discharge the CCAA Charges, as applicable, without the necessity of any other orders of the Court; and
 - (b) approved an amendment to the list of participants in the KERPs.
- 18. On the same date, the Court also issued:
 - (a) an Approval, Vesting and Assignment Order with respect to the sale of substantially all assets of FormerXBC Pennsylvania Company (formerly The Titus Company) (the "Fluid-Aire AVO");
 - (b) an Approval, Vesting and Assignment Order with respect to the sale of substantially all assets of FormerXBC Flow Services – XBC Wisconsin Inc. (formerly XBC Flow Services – Wisconsin Inc.) (the "Total Energy AVO"); and
 - (c) an Approval, Vesting and Assignment Order with respect to the sale of substantially all assets of FormerXBC Systems USA, LLC (formerly Xebec Systems USA, LLC) (the "EnergyLink AVO").
- 19. In accordance with the Monitor Payments Order, the Monitor used a portion of the Net Proceeds to pay amounts secured by the DIP Charge, the Second DIP Charge and the Transaction Charge and, on March 23, 2023 issued certificates confirming and effecting the cancellation and discharge of said charges, as appears from the Court record.
- 20. Also in accordance with the Monitor Payments Order, the Monitor used a portion of the Net Proceeds to pay amounts owing under the KERPs, in accordance with the Monitor Payments Order and, on March 24, 2023, issued certificates confirming the reduction of the KERP Charge, as appears from the Court record.
- 21. On March 27, 2023, at the Petitioners' request, the Court issued the Fifth ARIO (collectively with the ARIO, the Second ARIO, the Third ARIO and the Fourth ARIO, the "**ARIOs**"), pursuant to which the Court, *inter alia*:
 - (a) approved the Third DIP Facility provided to the Petitioners pursuant to a Third DIP Term Sheet (as defined in the Fifth ARIO) dated as of March 22, 2023, negotiated between the Petitioners and EDC, pursuant to which EDC agreed to provide interim financing to the Petitioners, and granting a Third DIP Charge (as defined

in the Fifth ARIO) in an amount sufficient to cover the potential exposure of EDC under the Third DIP Facility; and

- (b) declared that upon the disbursement of the initial advance of \$1,500,000 by EDC as contemplated in the Third DIP Term Sheet and the issuance by the Monitor of a certificate confirming same, the Administration Charge shall be reduced to an amount equal to \$1,250,000 and upon the disbursement of the second advance of \$1,950,000 by EDC, and the issuance by the Monitor of a certificate confirming same, further reduced to an amount equal to \$1,000,000.
- 22. On April 13, 2023, in accordance with the Fifth ARIO, the Monitor issued a certificate confirming that the initial advance of \$1,500,000 by EDC contemplated in the Fifth ARIO had been received and the Administration Charge was accordingly reduced to \$1,250,000.
- 23. On May 2, 2023, the second advance under the Third DIP Facility was received. On May 3, 2023, the Monitor issued its certificate confirming that the second advance under the Third DIP Facility had been received and the Administration Charge was accordingly reduced to \$1,000,000.
- 24. On May 5, 2023, at the Petitioners' request, the Court issued an order extending the stay period to May 24, 2023, as appears from the Court record.
- 25. On the same date, at the Petitioners' request, the Court issued an order lifting the Stay for the sole purpose of authorizing the filing before the Superior Court of Québec (Class Action Division) in file no. 500-06-001135-215 (Maurice Leclair et al. v. FormerXBC et al.) of an application seeking approval of a settlement agreement therein (the "Class Action Settlement").
- 26. On the same date, at the Monitor's request, the Court issued an Order Authorizing the Monitor to Pay Amounts Owed Under the Third DIP Facility and Secured by the Third DIP Charge (the **"Second Monitor Payments Order**").
- 27. On May 10, 2023, the Monitor paid sums owed under the Third DIP Facility issued a Certificate confirming and effecting the cancellation and discharge of the Third DIP Charge, in accordance with the Second Monitor Payments Order, as appears from the Court record.
- 28. On May 24, 2023, at the Petitioners' request, the Court issued a series of orders, namely the:
 - (a) Claims Procedure Order;
 - (b) Order extending the Stay of Proceedings, up to and until September 29, 2023 (the "Extension Period"); and
 - (c) Approval and Vesting Order in Respect of Biostreams Assets of FormerXBC Systems USA, LLC (formerly, Xebec Systems USA, LLC) (the "Biostreams AVO"); and the
 - (d) Order Authorizing the Use of Net Proceeds to Fund Cash-Flow Requirements (the "**Net Proceeds Order**").

29. In accordance with the Monitor Payments Order, the Monitor used a portion of the Net Proceeds to pay the remaining amounts owing under the KERPs and, on June 13, 2023, issued a certificate confirming and effecting the cancellation and discharge of the KERP Charge, as appears from the Court record.

III. SUMMARY OF TRANSACTIONS APPROVED BY THE COURT AND UPDATE ON CCAA CHARGES

A. Approval and Vesting Orders issued by the Court

- 30. As indicated above, and as of the present date, the Court has issued the following Approval and Vesting Orders:
 - (e) the ACS AVO;
 - (f) the GNR AVO;
 - (g) the Sullair AVO;
 - (h) the lvys AVO;
 - (i) the Fluid-Aire AVO;
 - (j) the Total Energy AVO;
 - (k) the EnergyLink AVO; and
 - (I) the Biostreams AVO.

(collectively, the "AVOs").

B. Closing of transactions and Monitor's certificates evidencing receipt of sale proceeds from purchasers

- 31. Following the issuance by the Court of the AVOs, with the exception of the transaction in respect of the biostream assets of FormerXBC Systems USA, LLC (the "**Biostreams Transaction**") for which closing is expected to occur shortly, the parties to the transactions thereto, with the assistance of the Monitor, proceeded to closing.
- 32. As provided for under the AVOs, following the Monitor's receipt of confirmation from the purchaser and the seller(s) of (i) the execution of the applicable purchase agreement, (ii) the payment of the cash purchase price, and (iii) the satisfaction and/or waiver of all conditions to closing of these transactions, the Monitor was to issue and notify a certificate of completion in respect of same.
- 33. Consequently, the Monitor issued the following certificates and filed same in the Court record, confirming the closing of the seven transactions in accordance with the AVOs:
 - (a) February 7, 2023: Certificate of the Monitor in respect of the transaction relating to Applied Compression Systems Ltd.;

- (b) February 15, 2023: Certificate of the Monitor in respect of the transaction relating to GNR LP;
- (c) February 21, 2023: Certificate of the Monitor in respect of the transaction relating to CDA Systems, LLC and California Compression LLC;
- (d) February 27, 2023: Certificate of the Monitor in respect of the transaction relating to FormerXBC Inc. (formerly Xebec Adsorption Inc.) (including its shares in Xebec Adsorption (Shanghai) Co., Ltd.) and Compressed Air International Inc.;
- (e) March 21, 2023: Certificate of the Monitor in respect of the transaction relating to FormerXBC Pennsylvania Company (formerly The Titus Company);
- (f) March 24, 2023: Certificate of the Monitor in respect of FormerXBC Flow Services – XBC Wisconsin Inc. (formerly XBC Flow Services – Wisconsin Inc.); and
- (g) April 5, 2023: Certificate of the Monitor in respect of FormerXBC Systems USA, LLC (formerly Xebec Systems USA, LLC).

C. Other transactions

- 34. Several other sale transactions that did not require specific court authorization, being under the threshold of \$750,000 per transaction and \$2,500,000 in the aggregate, as provided in the Fifth ARIO, have also been concluded, with the proceeds from same having been paid to the Monitor.
- 35. At the present date, two remaining transactions are expected to be finalized in the near term, namely the (i) the Biostreams Transaction and (ii) the Western Midstream Transaction, as namely described in the Ninth and Tenth Monitor's reports.
- 36. While there are certain other remaining assets to be realized (essentially litigious claims or intercompany claims as part of foreign insolvency proceedings), all or almost all assets of the Petitioners have now been sold as part of the SISP or as part of the subsequent processes implemented by the Petitioners and the Monitor, the status of which has been regularly reported to the Court and to stakeholders as part of the Monitor's reports and applications filed by the Petitioners and the Monitor.
- 37. As a result of the closing of all transactions mentioned above and as reported to the Court by the Monitor in its Ninth and Tenth Reports, as well as in the report filed in support hereof, the Monitor currently holds in its account the remaining Net Proceeds from such transactions, excluding sums paid in accordance with orders issued by this Court, including in accordance with the (i) ACS AVO, (ii) the Sullair AVO, the GNR AVO and the Ivys AVO, (iii) the Monitor Payments Order, (iv) the Second Monitor Payments Order and (v) the Net Proceeds Order.
- 38. Moreover, following the issuance of the Monitor's Certificate confirming the First Reduction of the Administration Charge and both the Monitor Payments Order and the Second Monitor Payments Order, the Monitor issued several certificates confirming and effecting the reduction and/or discharge of certain CCAA Charges, following payments made out of the Net Proceeds, as evidenced by the following Monitor's certificates, which were notified to the service list and filed in the Court record:

- (a) March 17, 2023: Second Reduction of the Administration Charge to an amount of \$1,500,000;
- (b) March 23, 2023: Cancellation and Discharge of the Transaction Charge;
- (c) March 23, 2023: Cancellation and Discharge of the DIP Charge;
- (d) March 23, 2023: Cancellation and Discharge of the Second DIP Charge;
- (e) March 24, 2023: Reduction of the KERP Charge to an amount of \$400,000;
- (f) April 13, 2023: Third Reduction of the Administration Charge to an amount of \$1,250,000;
- (g) April 13, 2023: Second Reduction of the KERP Charge to an amount of \$100,000;
- (h) May 3, 2023: Fourth Reduction of the Administration Charge to an amount of \$1,000,000;
- (i) May 10, 2023: Cancellation and Discharge of the Third DIP Charge; and
- (j) June 13, 2023: Cancellation and Discharge of the KERP Charge.
- 39. As at the present date, pursuant to the Fifth ARIO and the priority set forth at para. 75 therein, and following payments made in accordance with the Monitor Payments Order and the Second Monitor Payments Order, subject to any further amendments ordered by this Court, the CCAA Charges currently in place are the following:
 - (a) Administration Charge, in the amount of \$1,000,000; and
 - (b) D&O Charge, in the amount of \$3,700,000;

IV. THE PROPOSED ALLOCATION METHOD AND THE INTERCOMPANY TRANSACTIONS REPORT FORMING PART THEREOF

A. INTRODUCTION

- 40. These CCAA proceedings, from the outset, contemplated one or more eventual transactions, with a view to preserve the going concern of the Petitioners' businesses and to maximize realization value, the whole in the best interest of the Petitioners' stakeholders, including the creditors, employees, clients and suppliers. It is in this context that the Bidding Procedures Order was rendered concurrently with the FDIO, and that the SISP was launched and implemented as part of the CCAA proceedings.
- 41. Now that the transactions have essentially been completed (except for the Biostreams Transaction and the Western Midstream Transaction) and these restructuring objectives have been attained, the ultimate outcome of the CCAA proceedings will involve the eventual distribution of the Net Proceeds to the creditors of the Petitioners entitled to same. The

claims process which is currently ongoing pursuant to the Claims Process Order is a necessary step towards that goal.

- 42. However, prior to being in a position to determine how the Net Proceeds should be shared between creditors of the respective Petitioners and eventually distributed, through one or more plan(s) of arrangement or otherwise, a determination of the Net Proceeds, on an estate by estate basis, must be made.
- 43. The CCAA proceedings involve 13 Petitioners (excluding the overseas affiliates of the Petitioners which are not part of the CCAA proceedings). Since the beginning of the CCAA proceedings, it was contemplated that there would be intercompany transactions between the Petitioners and the non-Petitioners during these CCAA proceedings and that an eventual allocation of the proceeds received and of the disbursements made in the course of these CCAA proceedings would be necessary.

B. GOVERNING PRINCIPLES FOR THE PROPOSED ALLOCATION METHOD

- 44. The ARIOs have consistently provided that, prior to the distribution of the Net Proceeds, excluding payments made in respect of amounts owing under the CCAA Charges, the Monitor would prepare and file with the Court the Intercompany Transactions Report and the Proposed Allocation (as such terms are defined in the ARIOs),
- 45. Paragraphs 28 to 30 of the Fifth ARIO¹ specifically provide as follows:

[28] **ORDERS** that, subject to the consent of the Monitor, each of the Petitioners is authorized to complete outstanding transactions and engage in new transactions with other Petitioners or their affiliates, including, without limitation, (a) intercompany funding transactions, (b) purchase and sale transactions for goods or services in the ordinary course of the Business, (c) allocation and payments of costs, expenses and other amounts for the benefit of the Petitioners, including, without limitation, debt repayments and interest costs, head office, shared services and restructuring costs (collectively, "Intercompany Transactions"), and to continue, on and after the date of this Order, to effect Intercompany Transactions. All Intercompany Transactions among the Petitioners shall continue on terms consistent with existing arrangements or past practice, subject to such changes thereto, or to such governing principles, policies or procedures as the Monitor may require, or subject to this Order or further Order of this Court.

[29] **ORDERS** that, in conformity with the DIP Term Sheet, the Petitioners shall notify, at least two (2) days in advance, the Interim Lenders of any monetary payment from a Petitioner to another Petitioner or their affiliates, and that the Monitor shall continue to report from time to time to the Court on such monetary payments constituting Intercompany Transactions.

[30] **ORDERS** that prior to the distribution of any net sale proceeds resulting from the sale or divestiture of any Business or Property (but excluding any distribution made in respect of any amounts owing under the CCAA Charges (as defined herein), as the case may, it being understood that in each such case, said distribution may in itself constitute an Intercompany Transaction to form part of a subsequent Intercompany Transactions Report, as defined herein), the Monitor shall prepare and file with the Court a report (each, an "Intercompany Transactions Report") detailing all Intercompany Transactions which occurred on or after the

¹ These conclusions were also part of previous orders. See corresponding conclusions at para. 24 to 26 of the ARIO, para. 25 to 27 of the Second ARIO and para. 29 to 31 of the Third ARIO and Fourth ARIO.

date of the Initial Order with respect to the applicable Petitioner(s), which Intercompany Transactions Report shall include the Monitor's proposed allocation of the net amount to be attributed to each Petitioner as a result of the applicable Intercompany Transactions, if any, and any net sale proceeds to be remitted by one Petitioner to another Petitioner as the case may be (the **"Proposed Allocation**").

- 46. The particular mechanism detailed above was rendered necessary from the inception of these CCAA proceedings, as the different entities forming part of the Petitioners operated *de facto* on a consolidated basis and relied on regular Intercompany Transactions (as defined in the ARIOs) in the context of their activities and the CCAA proceedings, including intercompany monetary transfers.
- 47. In addition, certain entities operated as cost centres (for example, FormerXBC Adsorption USA Inc. (formerly, Xebec Adsorption USA Inc., "**XSU**")) and therefore assumed a large part of certain corporate expenses, while others for instance performed the majority of sale transactions between Petitioners.
- 48. Moreover, certain entities assumed the lion's share of the restructuring and financing costs, such as professional fees, interim financing fees, or otherwise (such as in particular FormerXBC Adsorption Inc. (formerly Xebec Adsorption Inc., "**BLA**")).
- 49. In this context, and as contemplated by the ARIOs, it is now necessary, fair, beneficial and equitable to the stakeholders of the various estates, to allocate proceeds, disbursements and expenses between said estates, taking into consideration, *inter alia*, the Intercompany Transactions entered into between Petitioners, including the intercompany monetary transfers and the corporate recharge of certain fees, expenses, disbursements and overhead costs, as further detailed herein.
- 50. Moreover, the structure of the security and guarantees held by NBC and EDC, and the fact that these secured creditors did not have perfected security in the cash balances of certain entities as of the Filing Date, opens the possibility that certain sums could be available for unsecured creditors, but also rendered it necessary to allocate proceeds and expenses between estates, as NBC and EDC hold different security and guarantees on different entities, as reported previously both by the Petitioners and the Monitor. There are also several Petitioners in respect of which EDC simply does not hold any security, as detailed in the appended security chart prepared by the Monitor and its counsel following review of security and guarantee documents provided by EDC and NBC, communicated herewith as **Exhibit M-2**.
- 51. It is in this context that the Monitor, in the last weeks and months, has proceeded to reconcile all Intercompany Transactions having taken place since the Filing Date and perform an analysis as to how proceeds, disbursements and expenses should be allocated between estates, which analysis forms part of the Proposed Allocation Method presented herein and in the **Proposed Allocation Method Report**. The Proposed Allocation Method Report integrates the Intercompany Transactions Report contemplated by the ARIOs.
- 52. The Proposed Allocation Method includes three main subsets of "allocations", namely (i) the allocation of the "**Proceeds from transactions**", (ii) the adjustments for the "**Intercompany Transactions**" and (iii) the allocation of the "**Restructuring Costs**", the "**DIP Financing**" receipts and repayments and the "**Secured Debt Reimbursements**",

which last subset is itself subdivided (as these terms are defined in the Proposed Allocation Method Report).

- 53. The Proposed Allocation Method Report sets out in detail the Proposed Allocation Method, in view of establishing the Net Proceeds available in each Debtor's estate prior to any future distribution, as further detailed below and in the Proposed Allocation Method Report.
- 54. The Proposed Allocation Method is the result of a comprehensive and rigorous process undertaken by the Monitor, with the assistance of the Petitioners, with the objective of allocating the Net Proceeds in a fair and equitable manner among the Petitioners' stakeholders.

C. SUMMARY OF THE PROPOSED ALLOCATION METHOD DETAILED IN THE PROPOSED ALLOCATION METHOD REPORT

- 55. As indicated above, the Proposed Allocation Method Report comprises three (3) main allocation sections.
- 56. The Proposed Allocation Method Report outlines the methodology used and recommended by the Monitor to allocate the various receipts and disbursements and includes a general overview of the Proposed Allocation Method, by item, at its page 7.
 - i. Proceeds from transactions
- 57. The first step of the Proposed Allocation Method consists of identifying and allocating the Proceeds from transactions, which consists of proceeds from sale transactions having occurred since the Filing Date, whether as part of the SISP or otherwise and as detailed above and in previous applications and reports of the Monitor.
- 58. Proceeds from transactions are attributed to the concerned entity and form the base, or the "top line", of the Proposed Allocation Method.
- 59. For transactions involving a single Petitioner, the total amount of the Proceeds from transactions received by the Monitor pursuant to the respective transactions is allocated to the applicable Petitioner. For transactions involving more than one Petitioner (i.e. the Sullair Transaction and the Ivys Transaction), the allocation is based on the purchase price allocation included in the transaction documents relating thereto, which had been reviewed and considered reasonable by the Monitor and approved by the applicable secured creditors.
- 60. For transactions concluded in a currency other than the Canadian dollar, the Proceeds from transactions are converted to Canadian dollars at the rate in effect as at the date of closing of the particular transaction.
- 61. The Proposed Allocation Method Report does not include the proceeds resulting from the Biostreams Transaction and the Western Midstream Transaction, since these transactions have yet to close and the estimated proceeds to be realized remain confidential at this stage. These proceeds, like the proceeds for other remaining assets to be realized as the case may be, will be allocated using the same method. The Monitor has prepared a pro forma confidential version of certain extracts of the Proposed Allocation Method Report

including the expected proceeds from these transactions, and this version is filed *under seal* as **Exhibit M-3**.

- ii. <u>Intercompany Transactions, including monetary transfers, sale and purchase</u> <u>transactions and corporate overhead recharges between Petitioners</u>
- 62. At this step of the Proposed Allocation Method, the Monitor accounts for three main items, being (i) monetary transfers made between Petitioners since the Filing Date, (ii) sales and purchases made between Petitioners since the Filing Date, for which no payment was made from the purchaser Petitioner to the vendor Petitioner, and (iii) the allocation/recharge of corporate overhead and management costs incurred by XSU and BLA from the Filing Date until the end of April 2023.
- 63. The net amounts of such transactions (calculated on a per entity basis) are thereafter subtracted or added from/to the Proceeds of transactions line, resulting in an adjustment to account for (i) the movement of funds between Petitioners, (ii) the unpaid sale and purchase transactions between Petitioners, and (iii) the allocation of amounts paid mainly by XSU and BLA for and on behalf of other Petitioners and non-Petitioners, as corporate overhead and management costs.
- 64. First, the intercompany monetary transfers include all cash transfers made since the Filing Date and in accordance with the Initial Order (as amended on several occasions up to and until the Fifth ARIO) and the protocol for monetary transfers implemented by the Monitor, in consultation with the Petitioners, NBC and EDC. In conformity with the applicable ARIOs (including para. 29 of the Fifth ARIO), the Monitor has maintained an ongoing record of all intercompany funding transactions since the Filing Date and provided regular reporting to the Court of same.
- 65. Second, the Monitor accounts for the purchases and sales between Petitioners since the Filing Date, for which the purchaser Petitioner did not pay the vendor Petitioner.
- 66. Third, the Monitor must allocate (or "recharge") the corporate overhead and management expenses (as those are detailed in the Proposed Allocation Method Report) paid mainly by XSU and BLA during the CCAA proceedings for the benefit of the Petitioners. This is done separately for XSU and for BLA.
- 67. As mentioned above and as reported previously, XSU operates a cost centre and accordingly, it has incurred significant costs and expenses for the benefit and on behalf of other Petitioners, since the Filing Date, including for example for insurance costs, payroll items for members of the finance team and operations team, each servicing multiple entities, employee plans, lease expenses and other expenses of this nature.
- 68. In order to properly allocate between Petitioners the corporate overhead expenses incurred by XSU, the Monitor, in consultation with XSU, determined that it would be appropriate to allocate to each Petitioner which benefitted from the services provided and costs incurred by XSU a percentage of corporate overhead expenses, based on the average monthly payroll expenses and other expenses, as further detailed in the Proposed Allocation Method Report.
- 69. Regarding BLA, the headquarters of the Xebec group, it also incurred costs and expenses for the benefit and on behalf of the Petitioners, as well as certain non-Petitioners. The

corporate overhead expenses incurred by BLA since the Filing Date include services rendered and expenses incurred for marketing, investor relations, integration, in-house legal, IT, finance/accounting, head office lease, directors' and officers' insurance and administration items. These amounts are collectively referred to as corporate overhead expenses in the Proposed Allocation Method Report, and have been tabulated for the purposes of determining the amounts to be allocated to each of the Petitioners.

- 70. Contrary to XSU, which is mainly a cost centre, BLA also had operations, such that it is not all or substantially all of its costs that consist of corporate overhead and management costs to be allocated. The expenses and costs relating to the operations of BLA are excluded from the corporate overhead and management costs allocated between Petitioners.
- 71. In order to properly allocate between Petitioners the corporate overhead expenses incurred by BLA, the Monitor, in consultation with the Petitioners, determined that it would be appropriate to apply the methodology used by the Petitioners in the course of the 2021 fiscal year (an allocation based namely on the value of sales, headcount and assets of each entity), which the Monitor determined to be the best available indicator in the circumstances.
- 72. As part of the Proposed Allocation Method, the Monitor considers that the non-Petitioners' attributed share of BLA's corporate overhead expenses should be allocated to BLA, considering that such entities are direct or indirect subsidiaries of BLA and are ultimately part of BLA's assets and do not otherwise have the capacity to repay BLA. The proceeds from the realization of the assets, shares or claims pertaining to the non-Petitioners (e.g. Xebec UK and Xebec Shanghai, and potentially Inmatec (Germany) and Xebec Italy) are for the benefit of BLA.
 - iii. <u>Allocation relating to Restructuring Costs, DIP Financing and Secured Debt</u> <u>Reimbursements</u>
- 73. The next step of the Proposed Allocation Method consists of allocating between the Petitioners the Restructuring Costs, the DIP Financing receipts and repayments and the Secured Debt Reimbursements, whether already paid or expected to be paid in the coming weeks and months in connection with the CCAA proceedings.
- 74. Prior to proceeding with the allocation *per se*, the Monitor had to consider and adjust for the source of payments of the amounts to be allocated, including (i) the disbursements funded by the cash flows of the Petitioners (principally BLA); and (ii) the payments made directly from the Net Proceeds held in the Monitor's trust accounts, as authorized by this Court pursuant to the ACS AVO (\$400K for professional fees), the Ivys AVO (\$1.1M for professional fees), the Monitor Payments Order (First and Second DIP Facilities, Transaction Fee, KERP), the Second Monitor Payments Order (Third DIP Facility) and the Net Proceeds Order (for costs until the end of the Extension Period).
 - a. Allocation of Restructuring Costs and DIP Financing receipts and repayments using the Pro Rata Result-Based Approach
- 75. As further detailed in the Proposed Allocation Method Report, the allocations presented in this section include the ones for the Restructuring Costs, being the actual restructuring

expenses and expenditures, namely (i) professional fees², (ii) payments under the KERPs, (iii) DIP Financing interest and fees, and (iv) the Transaction Fee of NBF, as well budgeted Restructuring Costs, which include mainly (v) known professional fees and projected professional fees until September 30, 2023³, plus a theoretical amount of 1M\$ corresponding to the current amount of the Administration Charge⁴, and (vi) BLA and XSU actual and forecasted disbursements from and after the month of May 2023, as well as the allocations in respect of the DIP Financing receipts and repayments.

- 76. For the allocation of the Restructuring Costs and of the DIP Financing receipts and repayments, the Proposed Allocation Method consists of a "*Pro Rata* Result-Based Approach", which allocates the amounts between Petitioners based on a *pro rata* of the Proceeds from transactions.
- 77. In the Monitor's view, the *Pro Rata* Result-Based Approach represents the most reasonable and fair method to allocate the Restructuring Costs and the DIP Financing receipts and repayments as between the Petitioners (including the reallocation of any shortfall in an estate which does not have sufficient proceeds to offset its allocated share to those estates having obtained a greater realization).
- 78. The Monitor submits that the *Pro Rata* Result-Based Approach is fair and reasonable, since the Petitioners who ultimately "benefitted" the most from the CCAA proceedings, by generating the most Proceeds from transactions, contribute proportionately to the costs and expenses incurred to fund the process necessary to generate said proceeds.
- 79. In order to apply the *Pro Rata* Result-Based Approach, the Monitor had to consider the impact of the transaction with respect to the shares of Tiger Filtration Limited ("**Tiger**") held by Xebec Holding UK Ltd. ("**Xebec UK**"), which occurred on or around January 27, 2023 (the "**Xebec UK Transaction**") as part of the SISP and generated Proceeds from transactions (which were remitted to NBC and not paid to the Monitor).
- 80. Tiger and Xebec UK, both non-Petitioners, were guarantors of the NBC debt, and they had granted security on their assets in support of their guarantees, including the shares of Tiger being sold as part of the Xebec UK Transaction. It was a condition to the closing of the Xebec UK Transaction that the NBC security on the shares of Tiger held by Xebec UK and on the assets of Tiger be released and discharged, and NBC agreed to such release and discharge on the condition that the proceeds from the Xebec UK Transaction be paid directly to NBC, in reimbursement of its debt.
- 81. The Proposed Allocation Method Report assumes that the amount paid by Xebec UK, subrogated in the rights of NBC as secured creditor (in light of the repayment of the secured debt that it made as guarantor from the proceeds of the Xebec UK transaction), is repaid in full. This allows for the treatment of claims at Xebec UK, which claims include an

² The professional fees include those of the Petitioners' counsel in Canada, the United States and foreign jurisdictions, the Monitor, the Monitor's counsel in Canada and the United States, NBC's counsel in Canada and the United States, NBC's financial advisor, EDC's counsel in Canada and the United States, EDC's financial advisor and NBF's monthly fees.

³ As per the cash flow projections included in the Tenth Monitor's Report.

⁴ The future professional fees included in the Proposed Allocation Method Report are subject to changes, which may be significant, depending on the evolution of the CCAA proceedings and the actual and projected cash flows to be filed at the end of the Extension Period. The figures contained in the Proposed Allocation Method Report are solely provided for indicative purposes.

intercompany claim of BLA against Xebec UK resulting in additional net proceeds to BLA (net of the amount estimated to pay the other known unsecured creditor, each on a *pro rata* basis). This remains subject to a final resolution of the claims against Xebec UK and is not submitted to the approval of the Court at this stage, such that the final amount of Proceeds from transaction relating to the Xebec UK Transaction may vary.

b. Allocation of Secured Debt Reimbursements – NBC

- 82. The Secured Debt Reimbursements include the sums paid by the Petitioners to NBC as secured creditor (and not as DIP Lender), including capital reimbursement, fees and interest, since the Filing Date, as well as amounts relating to letters of credit issued by NBC (and guaranteed by EDC) which were not covered by the reimbursements made as part of the Xebec UK Transaction.
- 83. While the Petitioners are all guarantors of the NBC debt and granted security on their assets in support of their guarantees, the allocation of the NBC Secured Debt Reimbursements is made only between Petitioners in respect of which NBC holds first-ranking security and on a *pro rata* basis using the Proceeds from transactions.
- 84. The Monitor views this approach as being fair and reasonable, namely given the fact that (i) there are insufficient proceeds to repay the EDC debt in full for the entities where EDC is first-ranking and (ii) BLA ends with a shortfall and would not have sufficient proceeds to repay the NBC debt in full.

c. Allocation of Secured Debt Reimbursements – EDC

- 85. The Secured Debt Reimbursements also include the sums paid to EDC as secured creditor (and not as DIP Lender) since the Filing Date. These payments, notwithstanding their initial qualification, were all recharacterized by the Monitor as reimbursements of capital. Indeed, the Monitor advised EDC that unless and until the debt of EDC is repaid in full, the payments made must be applied in reduction of the outstanding capital owed to EDC, and not to interest or fee accrued since the Filing Date, in accordance with the "interest stop rule".
- 86. The allocation of the EDC Secured Debt Reimbursements is made between those Petitioners who are guarantors of the EDC debt and who granted security to EDC, in first or second rank, on a *pro rata* basis using the Proceeds from transactions.
- 87. The Monitor views this approach as being fair and reasonable, namely given the fact that the EDC secured debt will not be repaid in full.

iv. "Result" of the application of the Proposed Allocation Method

- 88. The Proposed Allocation Method described in the above subsection is referred to as the "**Main Scenario**" in the Proposed Allocation Method Report, and is the one submitted to the approval of the Court.
- 89. The application of the Proposed Allocation Method results in the estimated net proceeds prior to distribution to creditors, subject namely to future realized proceeds and disbursements to be allocated under the Proposed Allocation Method.

- 90. At this time, readers are reminded that the figures used in the Proposed Allocation method include forward-looking estimates that could significantly change, notably given, *inter alia*, (i) variances in exchange rates that could impact certain sections of the Proposed Allocation Method Report, (ii) estimates included in the calculations, including namely with respect to the Restructuring Costs (a) from May 2023 to the end of the Extension Period, which could differ from the projections and (b) after the Extension Period, which have not been budgeted (other than by inserting the theoretical amount of the Administration Charge) and (iii) the final outcome and impact of the Xebec UK Transaction following the resolution of the claims against Xebec UK, and (iv) the results of the ongoing claims process, including in respect of unsecured claims arising from pre-Filing Date Intercompany Transactions.
- 91. Also, the Proposed Allocation Method Report is only meant to establish the methodology to allocate the net proceeds between the Petitioners, and not to determine how the final allocated amounts should be distributed between the creditors of the respective Petitioners (including EDC in the estates where it holds security).

D. THE ALTERNATE SCENARIO PRESENTED IN THE PROPOSED ALLOCATION METHOD REPORT

- 92. In order to provide a form of sensitivity analysis, the Monitor prepared an alternate scenario pursuant to which certain items forming part of the Proposed Allocation Method, namely the professional fees forming part of the Restructuring Costs and the BLA corporate overhead and managements costs would be allocated based on an "efforts deployed" basis during the various months and "phases" of the CCAA proceedings process (the "Alternate Scenario"), as further detailed below and in the Proposed Allocation Method Report.
- 93. For clarity, the Alternate Scenario does not affect other items forming part of the Proposed Allocation Method.
- 94. The Alternate Scenario takes into consideration the efforts deployed by the professional and BLA's management team over the course of the CCAA proceedings, and more particularly during the months of January, February and March, during which the Petitioners were engaged in the process of closing certain specific transactions as part of the SISP, such that the efforts of the professionals and BLA's management were more focused on certain Petitioners than others.
- 95. More specifically, the Alternate Scenario takes into account the fact that (i) the allocation of BLA corporate overhead and management costs should not apply to a given Petitioner after the closing of the sale transaction applicable to said Petitioner and (ii) the allocation of professional fees to a given Petitioners should apply in the month(s) leading up to and including the closing of the sale transaction applicable to said Petitioner, as further detailed and illustrated in the Proposed Allocation Method Report.
- 96. The findings and conclusions of the Alternate Scenario indicate only a small variance with the Main Scenario, as detailed and evidenced in the Proposed Allocation Method Report. In addition, the absence of significant variances further supports the Proposed Allocation Method developed by the Monitor and the reliability of the data forming part thereof.
- 97. Furthermore, it is a probative and empirical demonstration of the just and equitable nature of the Proposed Allocation Method under the Main Scenario.

- 98. By its nature, the Alternate Scenario is more granular and imprecise, and more complex than the Main Scenario. While theoretically defendable, it is more subjective, and it would be impossible, or at least not desirable nor cost effective, to attempt to do a strict accounting of the various costs to allocate same on a Petitioner by Petitioner basis, all of which would materially increase the overall costs of the CCAA proceedings.
- 99. For these reasons and given the nominal variances between the two methodologies (which have been considered on an empirical basis and not on a singular estate or creditor recovery perspective), the Monitor remains of the view that the Main Scenario is appropriate and should be used in the circumstances, and respectfully submits that the Court should approve the Proposed Allocation Method.

E. SUBSEQUENT STEPS FOLLOWING THE REQUESTED APPROVAL AND GROUNDS FOR APPROVAL

- 100. If approved by this Court, the Proposed Allocation Method will allow the Petitioners and their stakeholders to reach an important new milestone in the file, allowing them to move forward in the restructuring process.
 - i. Virtual meeting to present the Proposed Allocation Method
- 101. Prior to the approval sought herein, the Monitor will hold a virtual meeting with stakeholders and creditors on June 20, 2023 at 1pm EST, during which it will answer questions and receive comments on the Proposed Allocation Method, prior to presenting same for approval by the Court at the hearing scheduled on June 27, 2023.
- 102. The Monitor has issued notices of such meeting in French and English, filed herewith as **Exhibit M-4**, which have been notified to the service list and posted on its website. As indicated in the notices, participants must register in advance in order to attend the meeting.
- 103. This meeting is meant to be for information purposes only, and no vote from the creditors will be solicited or other decisions will be made as part of same.
 - ii. <u>Steps following Court approval of the Proposed Allocation Method</u>
- 104. To the extent that this Court issues the Allocation Order, the Petitioners will seek recognition of same by the US Court supervising the Chapter 15 proceedings. A hearing has been scheduled for July 19, 2023 for this purpose.
- 105. At the end of this essential exercise, the stakeholders will have a clear understanding of the methodology which will be used by the Monitor, as court-appointed officer, to determine the sums that will ultimately be available in each estate for an eventual distribution to creditors, as the case may be.
- 106. It should be clear however that the Proposed Allocation Method Report does not definitively determine the amounts available in each estate (given namely the estimated amounts in respect of future fees and proceeds), but rather confirms the Proposed Allocation Method and seeks to provide an illustration of its application and a reasonable estimate of the net amounts allocated in each Petitioner's estate.

- 107. Also, the Proposed Allocation Method Report and the Proposed Allocation Method do not determine how the final allocated amounts should be distributed between the creditors of the respective Petitioners (including EDC in the estates where it has security). This exercise will come at a later date, as part of the filing of one or more plan(s) of arrangement or otherwise, which is currently expected to be presented to the Court at the end of September, once the claims process has been completed.
- 108. The claims process authorized by this Court remains ongoing and will be completed by the Monitor, in consultation with the Petitioners.
- 109. Upon completion of the claims process, for entities where EDC does not hold any security, it is expected that one or more plan(s) of arrangement will be filed for approval by the creditors with proven claims and, in the event of a positive vote, for court sanction, following which distributions would occur in accordance with the terms thereof.
- 110. For entities where EDC holds valid security, the process and next steps to determine the entitlements to unsecured creditors, if any, remain to be evaluated, in light namely of the results of the claims process (including namely the impact of the various intercompany claims), the effect of the absence of perfected security in the cash balances of certain entities as of the Filing Date and the Monitor's analyses, and will be reported on subsequently, with a view to being reflected in the eventual plan or plans of arrangement to be filed.
- 111. In the meantime, the Monitor respectfully submits that this Court should approve the Proposed Allocation Method set forth in the Proposed Allocation Method Report.
- 112. The Proposed Allocation Method is the result of a rigorous analysis and significant efforts deployed by the Monitor, with the assistance of the Petitioners' management and accounting teams.
- 113. The Monitor submits that it is a fair, just and equitable methodology prepared based on the specifics of this particular file and is as extensive as possible in the circumstances, without being overly granular.
- 114. Moreover, the Alternate Scenario and its absence of significant variances with the Main Scenario further demonstrate the equitable nature of the Proposed Allocation Method
- 115. The approval of the Proposed Allocation Method will allow the Petitioners to reach a significant milestone in the file, with a view of progressing towards one or more plan(s) of arrangement and distributions to the Petitioners' creditors, as applicable.

V. POTENTIAL PARTIAL DISTRIBUTION TO EDC

- 116. Upon completing the Proposed Allocation Method Report, it has become clear to the Monitor that certain minimum amounts of Net Proceeds held by the Monitor could be distributed to EDC at this early stage, in partial payment of its secured claim.
- 117. At this time however, EDC has not yet filed its proof of claim (other than by providing its credit and security documents in order for the Monitor's counsel to perform a security review) and has not requested such a partial distribution. As indicated earlier herein, the

Monitor is of the view that no post-filing interest shall be paid or claimed on EDC's debt unless and until the debt of EDC is repaid in full, in application of the "interest stop rule".

VI. CONFIDENTIALITY OF TERMS OF FINANCIAL TERMS OF THE BIOSTREAMS AND WESTERN MIDSTREAM TRANSACTIONS AND SEALING ORDER

- 118. The Monitor respectfully submits that it is justified to file under seal the pro forma version of the extracts of the Proposed Allocation Method Report including the proceeds in relation to the Biostreams Transaction and the Western Midstream Transaction (Exhibit M-3).
- 119. Indeed, such information is confidential and of commercial importance to the Petitioners and to the purchasers in the Biostreams Transaction and the Western Midstream Transaction, namely given the fact that these transactions have yet to close and have interrelations with third-parties.
- 120. Indeed, divulging the amounts to be paid by the purchasers could be harmful to the Petitioners and to the purchasers in the Biostreams Transaction and the Western Midstream Transaction, and could jeopardize the closing of these transactions or impact their terms.
- 121. Such information should not be publicly disseminated and should be kept confidential at this stage and until completion of the transactions, pursuant to an order of this Court.

FOR THESE REASONS, MAY IT PLEASE THIS HONOURABLE COURT TO:

- [1] **GRANT** the present Application of the Monitor for the Approval of a Proposed Allocation *Method* (the **"Application**").
- [2] **DECLARE** that, unless otherwise defined, all capitalized terms in this Order shall have the meaning ascribed thereto in the Application or in the Monitor's Proposed Allocation Method Report (Exhibit M-1), as applicable.
- [3] **APPROVE** the proposed methodology to allocate the net proceeds held in trust by the Monitor, including namely (i) the allocation of the Proceeds from transactions since the Filing Date, (ii) the adjustments for the Intercompany Transactions since the Filing Date, and (iii) the allocation of the Restructuring Costs, the Secured Debt Reimbursements and the DIP Financing receipts and disbursements since the Filing Date (collectively, the "**Proposed Allocation Method**"), as described in the Proposed Allocation Method Report.
- [4] **AUTHORIZE** the Monitor to file under seal the extracts of the Proposed Allocation Method Report including the proceeds in relation to the Biostreams Transaction and the Western Midstream Transaction (Exhibit M-3) and **ORDER** that Exhibit M-3 filed in support of the Application shall be filed under seal and kept confidential until further order of this Court.
- [5] **APPROVE** the activities of the Monitor up to the date of this Order in connection with these restructuring proceedings, as described in the reports of the Monitor filed with this Court and **DECLARES** that the Monitor has fulfilled its obligations as described under the CCAA and in accordance with the orders made by this Court, including the Fifth ARIO, up to the date of this Order, in accordance with the Monitor's reports filed in the present proceedings and the testimonies adduced in the context of hearings held in the present file.

- [6] **DECLARE** that this Order shall have full force and effect in all provinces and territories of Canada.
- [7] **DECLARE** that the Monitor may, from time to time, apply to this Court for directions concerning the exercise of its powers, duties and rights hereunder or in respect of the proper execution of this Order.
- [8] REQUEST the aid and recognition of any court, tribunal, regulatory or administrative body in any Province of Canada and any Canadian federal court or in the United States of America, including without limitation the United States Bankruptcy Court for the District of Delaware, and any court or administrative body elsewhere, to give effect to this Order, and to assist the Monitor and its respective agents in carrying out the terms of this Order. All courts, tribunals, regulatory and administrative bodies are hereby respectfully requested to make such orders and to provide such assistance to the Monitor as may be necessary or desirable to give effect to this Order in any foreign proceeding, to assist the Monitor and its respective agents in carrying out this Order.
- [9] **ORDER** that any prior delay for the presentation of the Application is hereby abridged and validated so that the Application is properly returnable and dispenses with further service thereof.
- [10] **PERMIT** service of this Order at any time and place and by any means whatsoever.
- [11] **THE WHOLE WITHOUT COSTS**, save and except in the event of contestation.

MONTRÉAL, June 16, 2023

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McCarthy Tétrault LLP Mtre. Jocelyn T. Perreault Mtre. Marc-Étienne Boucher Attorneys for the Monitor 1000 de La Gauchetière Street West, Suite MZ400 Montréal, Québec H3B 0A2 Telephone: (514) 397-7092 Email: jperreault@mccarthy.ca | meboucher@mccarthy.ca Email notification: notification@mccarthy.ca Our file: 115185-565089

SOLEMN DECLARATION

I, the undersigned, **Jean-François Nadon**, CPA, CIRP, LIT, practicing my profession at Deloitte Restructuring Inc., 1190, Avenue des Canadiens-de-Montréal, Suite 500, Montreal, QC, Canada H3B 0M7, solemnly declares the following:

- 1. I am a duly authorized representative of Deloitte Restructuring Inc. and a duly authorized representative of the Monitor for the purposes hereof and in said capacity;
- 2. I have taken cognizance of the *Application of the Monitor for the Approval of a Proposed Allocation Method* (the "**Application**");
- 3. All of the facts alleged in the Application of which I have personal knowledge are true.
- 4. Where the facts alleged in the Application have been obtained from others, I believe them to be true.

AND I HAVE SIGNED:

JEAN-FRANÇOIS NADON

SOLEMNLY DECLARED BEFORE ME BY VIRTUAL MEANS IN MONTREAL, QUÉBEC, on June 16, 2023.

anow 8614

Commissioner for Oaths for the Province of Québec

NOTICE OF PRESENTATION COMMERCIAL DIVISION

TO: SERVICE LIST

1. PRESENTATION OF THE PROCEEDING

TAKE NOTE that the *Application of the Monitor for the Approval of a Proposed Allocation Method* will be presented for adjudication before the Commercial Division of the Superior Court of Québec, in a courtroom of the Montréal Courthouse to be communicated to the service list, on **June 27**, **2023, at a time and in a room to be determined.**

2. HOW TO JOIN THE VIRTUAL CALLING OF THE ROLL

The contact information to join the virtual calling of the roll is as follows:

By Teams: by clicking on the link available at <u>http://www.tribunaux.qc.ca</u> ("*Liens TEAMS pour rejoindre les salles du Palais de justice*"):

You must then enter your name and click «Join now» (« *Rejoindre maintenant* »). To facilitate the process and the identification of participants, we ask that you enter your name in the following manner:

Attorneys: Mtre Name, Surname (name of party represented)

Trustees: Name, Surname (trustee)

Superintendent: Name, Surname (superintendent)

Parties not represented by an attorney: Name, Surname (specify: plaintiff, defendant, applicant, respondent, creditor, opposing party, or other)

Persons attending a public hearing may simply indicate "public".

By telephone:

Canada, Québec (Charges will apply): +1 581-319-2194 Canada (Toll-free): (833) 450-1741 Conference ID: 516 211 860#

By VTC videoconference: teams@teams.justice.gouv.qc.ca

In person: If and only if you do not have access to one of the above-mentioned technological means. You may then go to room 15.09 of the Montréal Courthouse located at:

1, Notre-Dame Street East, Montréal, Québec.

3. DEFAULT TO PARTICIPATE IN THE VIRTUAL CALLING OF THE ROLL

TAKE NOTICE that in accordance with paragraph 76 of the Fifth Amended and Restated Initial Order, if you wish to contest this Application, you must serve responding materials or a notice stating the objection to the Application and the grounds for such objection in writing to the Petitioners and the Monitor, with a copy to all persons on the Service List, **no later than 5:00 P.M. on June 24, 2023**, and participate at the virtual calling of the roll, failing which, judgment may be rendered during the presentation of the proceeding, without further notice or delay.

4. OBLIGATIONS

4.1 Duty of cooperation

TAKE NOTE that the parties are duty-bound to cooperate and, in particular, to keep one another informed at all times of the facts and particulars conducive to a fair debate and make sure that relevant evidence is preserved (s. 20, *Code of Civil Procedure*).

4.2 Dispute prevention and resolution processes

TAKE NOTE that the parties must consider private prevention and resolution processes before referring their dispute to the courts, which are namely negotiation, mediation or arbitration, for which the parties call on a third party (*Code of Civil Procedure*, art. 2).

DO GOVERN YOURSELF ACCORDINGLY.

MONTRÉAL, June 16, 2023

Mc bothy Titrault 4P

McCarthy Tétrault LLP Attorneys for the Monitor

CANADA PROVINCE OF QUÉBEC DISTRICT OF MONTRÉAL

SUPERIOR COURT

(Commercial Division)

(Sitting as a court designated pursuant to the *Companies' Creditors Arrangement Act*, RSC 1985, c. C-36)

No.: 500-11-061483-224

IN THE MATTER OF THE COMPROMISE OR ARRANGEMENT OF:

FORMERXBC INC. (formerly XEBEC ADSORPTION INC.) ET AL.

Debtors / Petitioners

-and-

DELOITTE RESTRUCTURING INC.

Monitor

LIST OF EXHIBITS

- Exhibit M-1 : Proposed Allocation Method Report, including the Intercompany Transactions Report
- Exhibit M-2 : Security Chart
- **Exhibit M-3** : Extracts of the Proposed Allocation Method Report including the proceeds from the Biostreams Transaction (under seal)
- Exhibit M-4 : Notice of virtual meeting on the Proposed Allocation Method

MONTRÉAL, June 16, 2023

Mc Bothy Titroult 44P

McCarthy Tétrault LLP Attorneys for the Monitor

No: 500-11-061483-224

SUPERIOR COURT (Commercial Division)

(Sitting as a court designated pursuant to the Companies' Creditors Arrangement Act, RSC 1985, c. C-36)

DISTRICT OF MONTRÉAL

IN THE MATTER OF THE COMPROMISE OR ARRANGEMENT OF:

FORMERXBC INC. (formerly XEBEC ADSORPTION INC.) ET AL.

Debtors / Petitioners

and.

DELOITTE RESTRUCTURING INC.

Monitor

APPLICATION OF THE MONITOR FOR THE APPROVAL OF A PROPOSED ALLOCATION METHOD, SOLEMN DECLARATION, NOTICE OF PRESENTATION, LIST OF EXHIBITS, EXHIBITS M-1 TO M-4 (Section 11 of the Companies' Creditors Arrangement Act, RSC 1985, c. C-36)

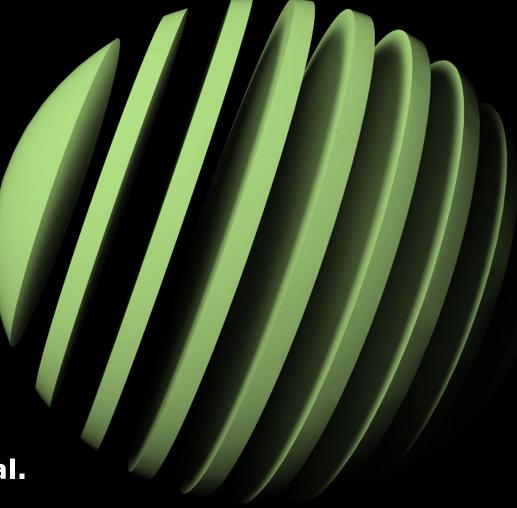
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McCarthy Tétrault LLP

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Our file: 115185-565089

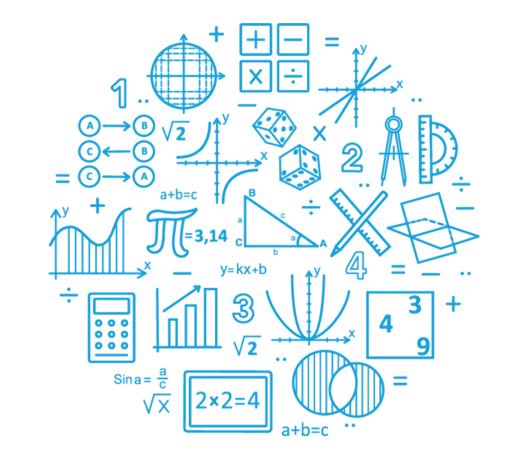
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FORMERXBC INC. (formerly, Xebec Adsorption Inc.) et al. Proposed Allocation Method June 16, 2023

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Introduction & Restrictions

This document is subject to the following restrictions and limitations:

- Deloitte Restructuring Inc. ("Deloitte" or the "Monitor") has prepared the attached proposed allocation methodology (the "Proposed Allocation Method") for the net proceeds
 held by the Monitor in respect of Former XBC Inc. (formerly Xebec Adsorption Inc.) and the other Petitioners (collectively, "Xebec" or the "Company") as part of the ongoing
 proceedings under the Companies' Creditors Arrangement Act (Canada) (the "CCAA") supervised by the Superior Court of Québec (the "Court").
- The CCAA proceedings were initiated by a First Day Initial Order rendered on September 29, 2022 (the "Filing Date"), pursuant to which, namely, Deloitte was appointed as Monitor. The First Day Initial Order has been extended, amended and restated by orders of the Court rendered from time to time, including by the Fifth Amended and Restated Initial Order dated March 27, 2023 (the "Fifth ARIO").
- This Proposed Allocation Method Report, including the Intercompany Transactions Report forming part thereof, was prepared by the Monitor pursuant to paras. 28 and 30 of the Fifth ARIO and will be submitted to the Court for approval on June 27, 2023.
- This Proposed Allocation Method Report was prepared by the Monitor with the assistance of Xebec Management and based on available information from Xebec and from the CCAA proceedings.
- The Monitor will hold a virtual Information Session in respect of the Proposed Allocation Method for interested stakeholders on June 20, 2023. A notice of said meeting has been
 sent to the parties to the service list in the CCAA proceedings and is posted on the Monitor's website, and a request to attend the meeting must be sent made to the Monitor prior
 to the session. Upon reception of such request, the Monitor will provide the electronic link to the virtual meeting.
- Readers should be cautioned that this report presents the Proposed Allocation Method, and not the final amounts available for distribution to creditors. In this report, the Proposed Allocation Method contains certain amounts that are estimates and accordingly will be subsequently adjusted based on future events, transactions and actual receipts and disbursements. The final allocation calculation will be presented to the Court in due time prior to a distribution to the creditors, as part of the filing of one or more plan(s) of arrangement or otherwise.
- Certain assumptions relate to the treatment and allocation of the proceeds paid directly to NBC, in its capacity as first ranking secured creditor, from the transaction pursuant to
 which Xebec Holding UK Limited ("Xebec UK") sold its shares of Tiger Filtration Limited, which are both non-Petitioners. These assumptions include settlement of potential thirdparty claim(s) against Xebec UK.
- Moreover, be advised that the Proposed Allocation Method does not currently take into account certain elements, including without limitation:
 - The fact that the Monitor obtained an opinion stating that EDC and NBC do not have a perfected security interest in the cash balances of certain Petitioners in the U.S., as was namely reported in the Seventh, Ninth and Tenth Reports of the Monitor. The potential effect of this is not considered in this Proposed Allocation Method Report, which is meant to establish the methodology to allocate the net proceeds between the Petitioners, and not to determine how the final allocated amounts should be distributed between the creditors of the respective Petitioners (including EDC in the estates where it has security);
 - The professional fees and costs to be incurred after September 30, 2023 to the end of the file, including with respect to the monetization of certain remaining assets, the
 determination of the various creditors' rights, the claims received as part of the Claims Process, the distributions to the various creditors (as part of one or more plan(s)
 of arrangement or otherwise), and the orderly wind-down of the various entities;
 - The impact of actuals costs in comparison with the projections for the period from May to September 30, 2023;
 - The potential impact of the final resolution of BLA's and the third-party claim(s) against Xebec UK;
 - The potential adjustments of the Petitioners' books and records; and
 - The potential impact of the foreign exchange rates on the calculation.

Introduction & Restrictions

This document is subject to the following restrictions and limitations:

- The Proposed Allocation does not constitute an opinion and/or an admission whatsoever from the Monitor in respect to the potential recovery of any party and may not be
 interpreted or used as such.
- Without limiting the foregoing and in preparing the Proposed Allocation Method, the Monitor has been provided with, and has relied upon, unaudited financial information, the Petitioners' books and records and financial information prepared by the same and discussions with management ("Management") of the Petitioners (collectively, the "Information"). Except as described herein:
 - The Monitor has reviewed the Information for reasonableness, internal consistency and use in the context in which it was provided. However, the Monitor has not
 audited or otherwise attempted to verify the accuracy or completeness of such information in a manner that would wholly or partially comply with Generally Accepted
 Assurance Standards ("GAAS") pursuant to the Chartered Professional Accountants Canada Handbook and, accordingly, the Monitor expresses no opinion or other form
 of assurance contemplated under GAAS in respect of the Information; and
 - Some of the information referred to in this Proposed Allocation Methodconsists of estimates, forecasts and projections. An examination or review of the financial estimates, forecasts and projections has not been performed.
- Future oriented financial information referred to in this Proposed Allocation Method, including in respect of professional fees and restructuring costs, was prepared based on the cash flow projections for the period ending September 30, 2023 filed with the Court pursuant to Management's estimates and assumptions, and adding the theoretical amount of the Administration Charge for the period from and after October 1st, 2023 for which there are no cash flow projections yet. Readers are cautioned that since projections are based upon assumptions about future events and conditions that are not ascertainable, the actual results will vary from the projections, even if the assumptions materialize, and the variations could be significant.
- Unless otherwise indicated, the Monitor's understanding of factual matters expressed in this Proposed Allocation Method concerning the Petitioners and their business is based on the Information, and not independent factual determinations made by the Monitor.
- Unless otherwise indicated, all amounts are presented in Canadian dollars. In addition, due to the fact that some information is presented in thousands of dollars, there might be some rounding differences that will not materially impact the final calculation.
- Unless otherwise indicated and where applicable, amounts were converted with the FX rate as at June 8, 2023 per the Bank of Canada.

Definitions

- **Proposed Allocation Method**: Proposed methodology of the allocation of (i) the Proceeds from transactions [page 10], (ii) the Intercompany Transactions [pages 11 to 14] and (iii) the Restructuring Costs, the Secured Debt Reimbursements and the DIP Financing receipts and repayments [pages 15 to 17], as described and illustrated in this Proposed Allocation Method Report..
- Filing Date: September 29, 2022, being the date of the First Day Initial Order rendered by the Court.
- **Petitioners / Debtors**: Debtors / petitioners subject to the protection of the Court as detailed in the Initial Order and in the Subsequent Amended and Restated orders rendered by the Court, including the Fifth ARIO. Refer to Appendix E for the naming convention and entity codes.
- Management: Management team of the Petitioners.
- SISP: Sale and Investment Solicitation Process ("SISP") approved by the Court.
- **Proceeds from transactions**: Proceeds (realization of the assets) from sale transactions, out of the ordinary course transactions since the Filing Date as part of the SISP and otherwise. This includes all of the sale transactions involving the Petitioners for which the proceeds were received by the Monitor, as well as the estimated impact of the BLA recovery from Xebec UK further to the Xebec UK transaction realized as part of the SISP and the subrogation of Xebec UK in the rights of NBC.
- Intercompany Transactions: The intercompany monetary transfers, intercompany sales and purchases (unpaid) and corporate overhead recharges since the Filing Date. This includes all Intercompany Transactions defined in the Fifth ARIO, other than the Restructuring Costs, the Secured Debt Reimbursements and the DIP Financing receipts and repayments which are dealt in a separate section.
- **KERP**: Key employee retention plan approved by the Court and paid to key employees and secured by a prior ranking charge.
- **EDC**: Export Development Canada, secured creditor on certain Petitioners (1st or 2nd ranking).
- **NBC**: National Bank Canada, secured creditor on all Petitioners (1st or 2nd ranking) and on Xebec UK and Tiger Filtration Limited.
- Secured Debt Reimbursements: The reimbursements of capital, interest and fees made to NBC since the Filing Date and the reimbursements of capital (after recharacterization of all amounts paid as capital reimbursements) made to EDC since the Filing Date, excluding reimbursements under the Interim Financing. This also includes the estimated impact of the reimbursement of Xebec UK as subrogated in the rights of NBC as well as the estimated future repayments of the outstanding letters of credit.
- **DIP Financing or Interim Financing**: The First DIP from EDC and NBC and the Second and Third DIP from EDC approved by the Court during the CCAA proceedings, for a total principal amount of \$8.95M CAD and secured by a prior ranking charge.
- Restructuring Costs: Include the professional fees (Petitioners' counsel in Canada, the U.S. and the foreign jurisdictions, Monitor, Monitor's counsel in Canada and in the U.S., NBC's counsel in Canada, in the U.S. and in the U.K., NBC's financial advisor, EDC's counsel in Canada and in the U.S, EDC's financial advisor), the fees of National Bank Financial as part of the SISP (monthly fee and Transaction Fee), the interest and fees on the DIP Financing, the KERP, as well as BLA and XSU disbursements since the month of May 2023.
- Main Scenario: Methodology recommended by the Monitor and Management to allocate as per the Proposed Allocation Method.
- Alternate Scenario: Alternate methodology analyzed by the Monitor and Management to allocate the professional fees forming part of the Restructuring Costs and the BLA corporate overhead and management costs.
- Allocated net proceeds prior to distribution to creditors: Calculated based on the Proposed Allocation Method in the Main Scenario. This is an estimate only, and is namely subject to future realized proceeds and disbursements to be allocated under the Proposed Allocation Method.

Xebec Proposed Allocation Method



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Proposed Allocation Method – Main Sections

Overview of the methodology



Proceeds Allocation: Proceeds from transactions converted at the transaction date. Where multiple entities are part of a transaction, the allocation of proceeds is based on the transaction documents.

Intercompany Transactions: Adjustments to reflect Intercompany Transactions since the Filing Date (Monetary transfers, Interco sales & purchases and corporate overhead recharge).

Allocation of the Restructuring Costs, Secured Debt Reimbursements and DIP Financing receipts:

- 1. Restructuring Costs: Prorata result-based approach based on Proceeds from transactions
- 2. Secured Debt Reimbursements NBC: Allocated between Petitioners on which NBC has 1st ranking security interest based on Proceeds from transactions
- 3. Secured Debt Reimbursements EDC: Allocated between Petitioners on which EDC has a security interest based on Proceeds from transactions
- 4. DIP Financing receipts: Prorata result-based approach based on Proceeds from transactions

Impact of Xebec UK transaction, DIP Financing repayments and other Secured Debt Reimbursements:

- 1. Xebec UK transaction: The report assumes that Xebec UK, subrogated in the rights of NBC as secured creditor (in light of the repayment of the secured debt that it made as guarantor from the proceeds of the Xebec UK transaction), is repaid in order to allow for the consideration of additional Proceeds from transactions to BLA coming from its claim against Xebec UK, net of the amount estimated to pay the other known unsecured creditor on a prorate basis. This remains subject to a final resolution of the claims against Xebec UK and is not submitted to the approval of the Court at this stage.
- 2. DIP Financing repayments: Prorata result-based approach based on Proceeds from transactions
 - Shortfall allocation: Prorata result-based approach based on Proceeds from transactions to the Petitioners with sufficient funds available.
- Secured Debt Reimbursements NBC (EDC): Remaining letters of credit to be reimbursed (not covered by the Xebec UK transaction proceeds) and guaranteed by EDC. Allocated between Petitioners on which NBC has 1st ranking security interest based on Proceeds from transactions

Allocated net proceeds prior to distribution to creditors: Subject to future realized proceeds and disbursements to be allocated under the Proposed Allocation Method.

Proceeds from transactions

+ - -

Post-filing Intercompany Transactions

+ - -

Allocation of the Restructuring Costs, Secured Debt Reimbursements and DIP Financing receipts

+ - .

Impact of Xebec UK transaction, DIP Financing repayments and other Secured Debt Reimbursements

Allocated net proceeds prior to distribution to creditors

Xebec – Proposed Allocation Method

Executive Summary – General Overview of the Proposed Allocation Method

XEBEC ADSORPTION INC. & AI.		Consolidated		EDC	EDC			EDC	EDC		EDC					Monitor's	
Proposed Allocation Method As at June 8, 2023 - In thousands CAD		All Petionners	CDA	CAL	BLA	CAI	ACS	P UEC	etitioners XBC	TIT	NOR	GNR	AIR	XSU	XHU	trust accounts	Xebec UK XUK
Proceeds from transactions	QA	36,009	4,510	7,712	13,341	1,580	400	4,274	1,477	1,402	209	100	1,004	-	-	28,988	7,617
Proceed allocation %	`		12.52%	21.42%	37.05%	4.39%	1.11%	11.87%	4.10%	3.89%	0.58%	0.28%	2.79%	0.00%	0.00%		
Post-Filing Intercompany Transactions	<u>§</u> В	-	563	(156)	(7,166)	1,179	1,063	2,732	(60)	397	1,389	-	1,353	(1,307)	13	-	-
Allocations Restructuring Costs & Secured Debt Reimbursements to be allocated <u>Restructuring Costs & Secured Debt Reimbursements - Allocation</u>	ர் ப	28,619	-	-	20,110	-	-	-	-	54	-	-	-	1,344	-	7,111	-
Restructuring Costs		(24,620)	(3,084)	(5,274)	(9,114)	(1,081)	(275)	(2,924)	(1,009)	(959)	(144)	(70)	(686)	-	-	-	-
Restructuring Costs - Allocation %			12.52%	21.42%	37.05%	4.39%	1.11%	11.87%	4.10%	3.89%	0.58%	0.28%	2.79%	0.00%	0.00%		
NBC - Secured debt - Reimbursement		(1,866)	(378)	-	(1,119)	(133)	(34)	-	-	(118)	-	-	(84)	-	-	-	-
NBC - Secured debt - Fees and Interest EDC - Secured debt - Reimbursement		(138) (1,995)	(28)	(570)	(83) (985)	(10)	(2)	(315)	(109)	(9)	(16)	-	(6)	-	-	-	-
Total - Allocated disbursements	<mark>ர</mark> ் C2	(28,619)	(3,490)	(5,844)	(11,301)	(1,224)	(311)	(3,239)	(1,118)	(1,086)	(160)	(70)	(776)	-	-	-	-
DIP Financing receipts to be allocated	ф сз	(8,950)	-	-	(8,950)	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
DIP Financing receipts - Allocation	<u>н</u> С4	` 8,950´	1,121	1,916	3,314	393	100	1,062	369	347	53	25	250	-	-	-	-
Total - Allocation net impact	ΣC	-	(2,369)	(3,928)	3,173	(831)	(211)	(2,177)	(749)	(685)	(107)	(45)	(526)	1,344	-	7,111	-
Use of proceeds to cover Restructuring Costs (authorized by the Court) D		(7,111)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(7,111)	-
Net proceeds before DIP Financing and other Secured Debts reimbursements	ΣAtoD	28,898	2,704	3,628	9,348	1,928	1,252	4,829	668	1,114	1,491	55	1,831	37	13	21,877	7,617
Net proceeds before DIP Financing and other Secured Debts reimbursements	• 🕞	28,898	2,704	3,628	9,348	1,928	1,252	4,829	668	1,114	1,491	55	1,831	37	13	21,877	7,617
Xebec UK transaction - Impact																	
Repayment of NBC secured debt																	
NBC> Revolver		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4,904)
NBC> Mastercard NBC> EDC (guarantor) - LC Facility (drawn LCs)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(48) (491)
NBC> EDC (guarantor) - LC Facility (London RNG paid in trust to Monitor -	Partial)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,176)
Total		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(7,619)
Xebec UK transaction - BLA estimated impact																	
Pro forma repayment to Xebec UK (Subrogated in the rights of NBC)		(7,617)	-	-	(7,617)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Estimated proceeds to BLA (92.17%) Other known unsecured creditors (7.83%)			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- (596)	(7,021) (596)
Total		(7,617)	-	-	(7,617)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(596)	(7,617)
	~																
Available net proceeds - After UK Transaction Impact	\Box	21,281	2,704	3,628	1,731	1,928	1,252	4,829	668	1,114	1,491	55	1,831	37	13	21,281	-
Total DIP Financing repayments (incl. shortfall allocation)		(8,950)	(1,436)	(2,455)	(1,731)	(503)	(128)	(1,360)	(472)	(445)	(68)	(32)	(320)	-	-	(8,950)	-
Available net proceeds - After allocated DIP repayments		12,331	1,268	1,174	0	1,425	1,124	3,469	196	669	1,423	23	1,511	37	13	12,331	-
Outstanding letters of credit - estimated future repayment		(458)	(232)	-	-	(81)	(21)	-	-	(72)	-	-	(52)	-	-	(458)	-
Allocated net proceeds prior to distribution to creditors		11,873	1,036	1,174	0	1,343	1,103	3,469	196	597	1,423	23	1,459	37	13	11,873	-

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Xebec – Proposed Allocation Method

Overview - Available Net Proceeds before DIP Financing and Other Secured Debts Reimbursements

XEBEC ADSORPTION INC. & AI. Proposed Allocation Method			Consolidated All entities		EDC	EDC			EDC	EDC etitioners		EDC					Monitor's trust	Xebec Uk
s at June 8, 2023 - In thousands CAD			Petionners	CDA	CAL	BLA	CAI	ACS	UEC	XBC	TIT	NOR	GNR	AIR	XSU	XHU	accounts	XUK
Proceeds from transactions Proceed allocation %	Q	Α	36,009	4,510 12.52%	7,712 21.42%	13,341 37.05%	1,580 4.39%	400 1.11%	4,274 11.87%	1,477 4.10%	1,402 3.89%	209 0.58%	100 0.28%	1,004 2.79%	- 0.00%	0.00%	28,988	7,617
Post-Filing Intercompany Transactions Net intercompany monetary transfers Net intercompany transactions (sales and purchases) Management fees - Corporate recharge (XSU) (5,394k) Management fees - Corporate recharge (BLA) up to Apr 30 (2,152k) ntercompany Transactions - Net	9	B.1 B.2 B.3 B.4 Σ B		971 (59) (239) (110) 563	334 74 (393) (171) (156)	(9,513) 909 (714) <u>2,152</u> (7,166)	1,532 (149) (94) (110) 1,179	976 248 - (161) 1,063	6,357 (537) (2,221) (867) 2,732	395 (99) (258) (98) (60)	925 159 (481) (206) 397	1,811 83 (377) (128) 1,389	- - - -	2,210 (16) (617) (224) 1,353	(6,011) (613) 5,394 (77) (1,307)	13 - - - - 13	- - - -	
Allocations Restructuring Costs & Secured Debt Reimbursements to be allocated <u>Restructuring Costs & Secured Debt Reimbursements - Allocation</u> Restructuring Costs NBC - Secured debt - Reimbursement	ų	C1	28,619 (24,620)	- (3,084)	- (5,274)	20,110 (9,114)	- (1,081)	- (275)	- (2,924)	- (1,009)	54 (959)	- (144)	- (70)	- (686)	1,344	-	7,111 -	-
NBC - Secured debt - Fees and Interest EDC - Secured debt - Reimbursement Total - Allocated disbursements	ĥ	C2	(1,866) (138) (1,995) (28,619)	(378) (28) - (3,490)		(1,119) (83) <u>(985)</u> (11,301)	(133) (10) - (1,224)	(34) (2) - (311)	(315) (3,239)	(109)	(118) (9) - (1,086)	- (16) (160)	- - (70)	(84) (6) - (776)	-	-		-
DIP Financing receipts to be allocated DIP Financing receipts - Allocation	ц. Ч	C3 C4	(8,950) 8,950	- 1,121	- 1,916	(22,002) (8,950) 3,314	- 393	- 100	- 1,062	- 369	- 347	- 53	- 25	- 250	:	:	:	:
otal - Allocation net impact		ΣC	-	(2,369)	(3,928)	3,173	(831)	(211)	(2,177)	(749)	(685)	(107)	(45)	(526)	1,344	-	-	-
Ise of proceeds to cover Restructuring Costs (authorized by the Court)		D	(7,111)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(7,111)	-
let proceeds before DIP Financing and other Secured Debts reimburseme	nts	ΣAtoD	28,898	2,704	3,628	9,348	1,928	1,252	4,829	668	1,114	1,491	55	1,831	37	13	21,877	7,617

Breakdown of the Restructuring Costs as detailled in the Appendix A	\$
Professional fees (Paid)	(14,118)
Professional fees (Future)	(3,470)
Professional fees - Theoretical amount (Administration Charge)	(1,000)
KERP	(1,375)
NBF Transaction fee	(976)
DIP Financing - Interest and fees	(545)
Other restructuring expenses (BLA & XSU since May 2023)	(1,292)
Payroll (Since May 2023)	(1,700)
FX Rate variance, bank fees and other expenses (Trust accounts)	(144)
Total	(24,620)

Use of Net Proceeds to cover the **Restructuring Costs** (3,470)

Note: Use of Net Proceeds held by the Monitor to cover Restructuring Costs as approved by the Court. These costs are subsequently allocated in the following section of the calculation.

Impact of the allocation of disbursements and collections Note: In order to properly allocate to each entity its proper share of Restructuring Costs, Secured Debt Reimbursements and DIP Financing receipts, certain payments/collections are first reversed in their entirety followed by the appropriate allocation on a per entity basis.

Ex: BLA disbursed \$20M however should be impacted only for its specific share of these disbursements. The same logic applies for the DIP Financing collected to fund the disbursements subsequently allocated.

Proposed Allocation Method - Assumptions

Q

Proceeds Allocation

Sale Transactions – Petitioners

- ✓ Proceeds from CCAA transactions paid to the Monitor.
- \checkmark Converted in CAD as at each transaction date.
- \checkmark Allocation of the Proceeds based on transaction documents.

Xebec UK transaction

- ✓ Assumes that Xebec UK, subrogated to the rights of NBC as secured creditor (in light of the repayment of the secured debt that it made as guarantor from the proceeds of the Xebec UK transaction), is repaid in order to allow for the consideration of additional net proceeds to BLA coming from its claim against Xebec UK, net of the amount estimated to pay the other known unsecured creditor on a prorate basis.
- ✓ This remains subject to a final resolution of the claims against Xebec UK and is not submitted to the approval of the Court at this stage.

Xebec UK - Estimated impact calculation		CAD
BLA - Long-term advances	92.2%	7,021,108
Other creditor(s)	7.8%	596,209
	100.0%	7,617,317

tions - Proceeds ncy FX CAD D 1.3516 4,510
,
D 1.3516 4,510
D 1.3516 7,712
D 1.0000 6,320
D 1.0000 1,580
D 1.0000 400
D 1.3457 4,037
D 1.3671 1,477
D 1.3674 1,402
D 1.3677 209
D 1.0000 100
D 1.3778 38
D 1.3778 7
D 1.3778 6
D 1.3778 112
D 1.3778 733
D 1.3483 236
D 1.3566 109
28,988
R 1.4457 7,021
R 1.3442 0
36,009
TBD



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Proposed Allocation Method - Assumptions

Intercompany Transactions – Monetary Transfers

Net intercompany monetary transfers						Р	etitioners						
As at June 8, 2023 - In thousands CAD	CDA	CAL	BLA	CAI	ACS	UEC	XBC	TIT	NOR	GNR	AIR	XSU	XHU
Collections	-	106	11,010	-	-	400	162	234	320	-	-	6,111	-
Disbursements	(971)	(440)	(1,497)	(1,532)	(976)	(6,757)	(557)	(1,160)	(2,131)	-	(2,210)	(100)	(13)
Intercompany Monetary Transfers - Net	(971)	(334)	9,513	(1,532)	(976)	(6,357)	(395)	(926)	(1,811)	-	(2,210)	6,011	(13)

Net Intercompany Monetary Transfers

- ✓ Post-filing Intercompany Monetary Transfers made in accordance with (i) the ARIOs and (ii) with the protocol established by the Monitor.
- ✓ From September 29, 2022 to September 30, 2023 (including some projected transfers).
- ✓ Post-Filing monetary transfers have been reported in the Monitor's reports in accordance with the ARIOs.
- ✓ This summary does not include non-Petitioner monetary transfers. Refer to Appendix D for the details of these transactions.
- ✓ All advances in foreign currency were converted to CAD with the FX Rate as of June 8, 2023.

						BEN	IEFICIAR	1						
Entities	CDA	CAL	BLA	CAI	ACS	UEC	ХВС	TIT	NOR	GNR	AIR	XSU	XHU	TOTAL
CDA	-	29	341	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	601	-	97
CAL	- 100		-	-	-	-	67	-	-	-	-	373	-	44
BLA	-	67	÷	-	-	400	13	-	216	-	-	800	-	1,49
CAI	-	-	1,532	+	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,532
ACS	-	-	976	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	970
UEC	-	-	6,683	-	-	+	_	-	-	-	-	74	-	6,757
XBC	-	-	13	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	544	-	557
TIT	-	-	618	-	-	-	- 100	÷	-	-	-	541	-	1,159
NOR	-	-	461	-	-	-	-	234		-	-	1,436	-	2,13
GNR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 📗	-	-	-	-	-
AIR	-	9	385	-	-	-	82	-	3	-		1,730	-	2,210
XSU	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	-	-		-	100
XHU	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13	Ŧ	13
_	-	106	11,010	-	-	400	162	234	320	-	-	6,111	-	18,343



ISSUER

UEC transferred to BLA several advances since the Filing Date to support the restructuring process.

AIR transferred to XSU several advances of funds to support the expenses of the US head office.



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Proposed Allocation Method - Assumptions

Intercompany Transactions – Sales and Purchases

Net Intercompany transactions (sales and purchases)						Р	etitioners						
As at June 8, 2023 - In thousands CAD	CDA	CAL	BLA	CAI	ACS	UEC	XBC	TIT	NOR	GNR	AIR	XSU	XHU
Sales	17	91	1,291	51	260	99	-	160	83	-	-	-	-
Purchases	(76)	(17)	(381)	(199)	(12)	(636)	(99)	(1)	-	-	(16)	(613)	-
Intercompany transactions (sales and purchases) - Net	(59)	74	910	(148)	248	(537)	(99)	159	83	-	(16)	(613)	-

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Net Intercompany transactions (Sales and Purchases)

- ✓ Post-filing Intercompany Transactions that are not monetary transfers and for which no payments were made since the Filing Date.
- ✓ From the Filing Date up to the date of this report.
- ✓ Example of transactions:
 - ✓ TIT → BLA: services rendered by Titus resources related to the Biostreams contract
 - ✓ BLA → UEC: Transfer of Biostreams inventory to UEC in December 2022
 - ✓ BLA → XSU: BLA has been selling products to a US based client through XSU.
- ✓ All unpaid intercompany transactions in foreign currency were converted to CAD with the FX Rate as of June 8, 2023

								BUYER							
	Entities	CDA	CAL	BLA	CAI	ACS	UEC	XBC	TIT	NOR	GNR	AIR	XSU	XHU	TOTAL
	CDA	-	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	17
	CAL	76		14	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	91
	BLA	-	-	-	13	12	636	-	1	-	-	16	613	-	1,291
	CAI	-	-	51	÷	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	51
~	ACS	-	-	75	184	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	260
ER	UEC	-	-	-	-	-	Ŧ	99	-	-	-	-	-	-	99
1	XBC	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SE	TIT	-	-	158	2	-	-		t in the second s	_	-	-	-	-	160
••	NOR	-	-	83	-	-	-	-	0		-	-	-	-	83
	GNR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
	AIR	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-
	XSU	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 📗		-	-
	XHU	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
		76	17	381	199	12	636	99	1	-	-	16	613	-	2,051
		Note - Thi	s table sh	ould be rea	nd as follo	ow:									

BLA sold \$624K worth of inventories to XSU

(1)

TIT invoiced BLA for \$160k for services rendered by TIT ressources on a BLA contract



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Proposed Allocation Method - Assumptions

Intercompany Transactions – XSU Corporate Overhead

Corporate Overhead – XSU

- XSU Cost center : Amounts allocated between Petitioners benefiting from XSU services and expenses paid on their behalf.
- Payroll includes finance (US) and operation employees servicing several entities.
 - ✓ Management prepared the allocation of the resources based on their responsibilities and the estimated efforts by entity.
- Expenses paid on behalf of other Petitioners include corporate and medical insurance premiums, employee plans, payroll, leases, and other expenses.
 - Allocation of the estimated expenses incurred since the Filing Date based on the average monthly expenses of each entity as identified by Management.
 - ✓ Detailed review of the main expenses for allocation by entity.
 - ✓ From the information available, review of invoices covering several months since the Filing Date.

Corporate overhead expenses - XSU					
Allocation of costs based on the average monthly expenses Entity Name (in USD unless otherwise indicated)	Code	Payroll	Expenses	Total	%
California Compression LLC	CAL	9,257	29,556	38,813	7.3%
CDA Systems, LLC	CDA	9,257	14,275	23,532	4.4%
Enerphase Industrial Solutions Inc.	AIR	9,257	51,600	60,857	11.4%
Nortekbelair Corporation	NOR	21,229	15,954	37,183	7.0%
The Titus Company	TIT	9,257	38,215	47,472	8.9%
XBC Flow Services - Wisconsin Inc.	XBC	9,257	16,231	25,489	4.8%
Xebec Systems USA LLC	UEC	53,984	165,113	219,096	41.2%
Xebec Adsorption Inc.	BLA	70,419	-	70,419	13.2%
Compressed Air International Inc.	CAI	9,257	-	9,257	1.7%
Subtotal		201,175	330,945	532,120	100%
Xebec Adsorption USA Inc.	XSU	-	27,859	27,859	
Other general expenses incured by XSU since the Filing date	XSU	-	28,571	28,571	_
Total - Average monthly expenses incurred		201,175	387,375	588,550	
Estimated expenses ⁽¹⁾		1,408,225	2,517,937	3,926,162	
FX Rate USD to CAD (average since filing for the same period)		1.3543	1.3543		
Corporate Overhead recharge to be allocated in CAD		1,907,176	3,410,071	5,317,247	CAD
Corporate Overhead recharge from BLA			_	77,251	CAD
/ Total XSU Overhead recharged				5,394,498	CAD

⁽¹⁾ For the period up to May (7 months) for the payroll and up to Mid-April (6.5 months) for the expenses consequent to the period covered by the Other Restructuring expenses and Payroll allocated in a separate section of the calculation.



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Proposed Allocation Method - Assumptions

Intercompany Transactions – BLA Corporate Overhead

Corporate Overhead – BLA

- BLA (Head Office) corporate overhead expenses for the \checkmark benefit of all entities : governance, finance (corporate team), general expenses for the group, specific expenses paid by BLA on behalf of other entities, insurances and other general expenses incurred for the group.
- These expenses specifically exclude the Restructuring Costs paid by BLA (which are allocated in a separate section).
- Allocation of Post-Filing Corporate overhead expenses identified by Management based on the methodology used in FY21 (weighted based on asset value, employees and sales).
- Expenses paid by BLA on behalf of other entities directly recharged.
- Non-Petitioners allocated corporate overhead expenses are part of BLA's allocated expenses considering that they are assets of BLA and that these Non-Petitioners do not have the capacity to repay. Any recovery from the Non-Petitioners (e.g. XUK, IGT, ITA) is for the benefit of BLA.
- Refer to the Appendix B for a detailed allocation analysis. \checkmark

Corporate Overhead expenses of BLA		Corporate Overhead expenses of BLA		
General costs to be allocated	CAD	Allocation of costs	Costs all	ocation
Category	(000\$)	Entity Name	%	Entity
Marketing	186	Xebec Adsorption Inc.	24.5%	BLA
Investor Relation	2	Compressed Air International Inc.	2.5%	CAI
Integration	229	Applied Compression Systems Limitec	3.5%	ACS
Legal	164	Xebec Adsorption USA Inc.	1.8%	XSU
IT	481	CDA Systems, LLC	2.7%	CDA
Finance/Accounting	665	Enerphase Industrial Solutions Inc.	5.3%	AIR
D&O Insurance	513	The Titus Company	4.8%	TIT
Corporate/Administration	1,696	Nortekbelair Corporation	2.7%	NOR
Head Office Rent	111	XBC Flow Services - Wisconsin Inc.	2.1%	XBC
Total	4,047	California Compression LLC	3.8%	CAL
Paid on behalf of other entities	, 189	Xebec Systems USA LLC (UEC)	19.8%	UEC
Total	4,236	· Xebec Italy	0.4%	BLA
Xebec Adsorption Inc.	2,084	Hygear Inmatec Germany	13.4% 8.5%	BLA BLA
Petitioners recharged (excluding BLA)	2,152	Inmatec Dubai	1.3%	BLA
Total	4,236	Tiger	2.6%	BLA
		Total	100%	-
		Xebec Adsorption Inc.	51%	BLA
		Petitioners recharged (excluding BLA)	49%	Other
		Total	100%	

Proposed Allocation Method - Assumptions



Restructuring Costs, Secured Debt Reimbursements and DIP Financing receipts

						Pe	titioners	;					
Proposed Allocation Method	CDA	CAL	BLA	CAI	ACS	UEC	XBC	TIT	NOR	GNR	AIR	XSU	XHU
Proceeds %	12.52%	21.42%	37.05%	4.39%	1.11%	11.87%	4.10%	3.89%	0.58%	0.28%	2.79%	0.00%	0.00%

- ✓ Restructuring Costs: includes actual and budgeted Restructuring Costs up to September 30, 2023, a theoretical amount of \$1M representing the amount of the Administrative Charge as well as BLA and XSU disbursements since the month of May 2023.
 - \checkmark Professional fees are before sales tax considering sales tax refunds.
 - ✓ The allocation is made using the prorata result-based approach based on the Proceeds from transactions.
 - $\checkmark~$ Refer to page 9 for the breakdown of the Restructuring Costs.
- Secured Debt Reimbursements EDC: Allocated between Petitioners on which EDC has a security interest based on Proceeds from transactions
 - ✓ EDC fees and interest payments have been recharacterized as capital reimbursements considering that EDC's secured debt is not expected to be fully reimbursed (application of the "Interest Stop Rule")
 - ✓ Secured Debt Reimbursements NBC: Allocated between Petitioners on which NBC has 1st ranking security interest based on Proceeds from transactions
- ✓ The allocation of the DIP Financing receipts is made using the prorata result-based approach based on Proceeds from transactions.
 - ✓ The DIP Financing repayments are allocated on the same basis in a separate section of the report.

Proposed Allocation Method - Assumptions



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Impact of Xebec UK transaction, DIP Financing repayments and other Secured Debt Reimbursements

XEBEC ADSORPTION INC. & Al.	Consolidated		EDC	EDC			EDC	EDC		EDC					Monitor's	
Proposed Allocation Method	All							Petitioners							trust	Xebec UK
As at June 8, 2023 - In thousands CAD	Petionners	CDA	CAL	BLA	CAI	ACS	UEC	XBC	TIT	NOR	GNR	AIR	XSU	XHU	accounts	XUK
Net proceeds before DIP Financing and other Secured Debts reimbursements	28,898	2,704	3,628	9,348	1,928	1,252	4,829	668	1,114	1,491	55	1,831	37	13	21,877	7,617
Xebec UK transaction - Impact																
Repayment of NBC secured debt																
NBC> Revolver NBC> Mastercard	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4,904) (48)
NBC> EDC (guarantor) - LC Facility (drawn LCs)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(48)
NBC> EDC (guarantor) - LC Facility (London RNG paid in trust to Monitor - Partial)	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,176)
Total		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(7,619)
Xebec UK transaction - BLA estimated impact																
Pro forma repayment to Xebec UK (Subrogated in the rights of NBC)	(7,617)	-	-	(7,617)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Estimated proceeds to BLA (92.17%)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(7,021)
Other known unsecured creditors (7.83%)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(596)	(596)
Total	(7,617)	-	-	(7,617)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(596)	(7,617)
Available net proceeds - After UK Transaction Impact	21,281	2,704	3,628	1,731	1,928	1,252	4,829	668	1,114	1,491	55	1,831	37	13	21,281	-
DIP Financing repayments - Allocation																
NBC - First DIP	(1,500)	(188)	(321)	(555)	(66)	(17)	(178)	(62)	(58)	(9)	(4)	(42)	-	-	-	-
EDC - First DIP	(1,500)	(188)	(321)	(555)	(66)	(17)	(178)	(62)	(58)	(9)	(4)	(42)	-	-	-	-
EDC - Second DIP	(2,500)	(313)	(535)	(925)	(110)	(28)	(297)	(103)	(97)	(15)	(7)	(70)	-	-	-	-
EDC - Third DIP Total	<u>(3,450)</u> (8,950)	(432) (1,121)	(739) (1,916)	(1,279) (3,314)	(151) (393)	(38)	(409) (1,062)	(142)	(134) (347)	(20) (53)	(10)	(96) (250)			(8,950)	-
	• •	• • •	• • •	• • •		• •	• • •								• • •	-
Excess (shortfall) after DIP Financing repayments	12,331	1,583	1,712	(1,583)	1,535	1,152	3,767	299	767	1,438	30	1,581	37	13	12,331	-
Shortfall allocation	-	(315)	(539)	1,583	(110)	(28)	(298)	(103)	(98)	(15)	(7)	(70)	-	-	-	
Total DIP Financing repayments (incl. shortfall allocation)	(8,950)	(1,436)	(2,455)	(1,731)	(503)	(128)	(1,360)	(472)	(445)	(68)	(32)	(320)	-	-	(8,950)	-
Available net proceeds - After allocated DIP repayments	12,331	1,268	1,173	-	1,425	1,124	3,469	196	669	1,423	23	1,511	37	13	12,331	-
Estimated outstanding letters of credit ("LC")																
NBC (EDC as guarantor) - Letter of credit (London RNG) - Unpaid portion	(218)	(111)	-	-	(39)	(10)	-	-	(34)	-	-	(25)	-	-	(218)	-
NBC (EDC as guarantor) - Letters of credit (Outstanding LCs)	(240)	(122)	-	-	(43)	(11)	-	-	(38)	-	-	(27)	-	-	(240)	-
Outstanding letters of credit - estimated future repayment	(458)	(232)	-	-	(81)	(21)	-	-	(72)	-	-	(52)	-	-	(458)	-
Allocated net proceeds prior to distribution to creditors	11,873	1,036	1,173	-	1,343	1,103	3,469	196	597	1,423	23	1,459	37	13	11,873	-

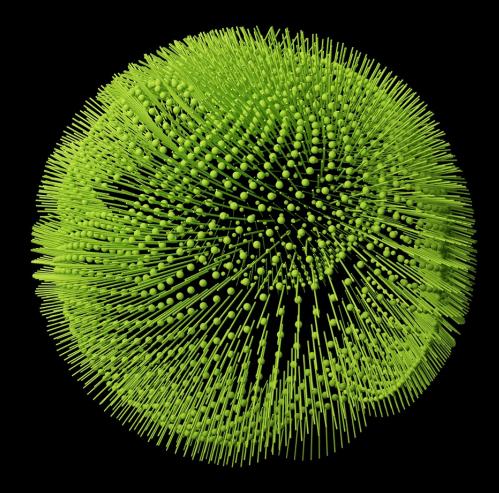
Proposed Allocation Method - Assumptions

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Impact of Xebec UK transaction, DIP Financing repayments and other Secured Debt Reimbursements

- ✓ Assumes that Xebec UK, subrogated in the rights of NBC as secured creditor is repaid by BLA, in order to allow for the consideration of additional net proceeds to BLA coming from its claim against Xebec UK, net of the amount estimated to pay the other known unsecured creditor on a prorate basis.
 - ✓ This remains subject to a final resolution of the claims against Xebec UK and is not submitted to the approval of the Court at this stage.
- ✓ DIP Financing repayments: Prorata result-based approach based on Proceeds from transactions.
 - ✓ Shortfall allocation: Prorata result-based approach based on Proceeds from transactions to the Petitioners with sufficient funds available.
- 3
- ✓ Secured Debt Reimbursements NBC (EDC): Remaining letters of credit to be reimbursed (not covered by the Xebec UK transaction proceeds) and guaranteed by EDC. Allocated between Petitioners with sufficient funds available on which NBC has 1st ranking security interest, based on Proceeds from transactions.

Xebec Alternate Scenario



Proposed Allocation Method – Alternate Scenario Assumptions Rational

Information on Alternate Scenario and rational:

- ✓ To support the main assumptions forming part of the Main Scenario, the Monitor has considered alternate assumptions for certain key allocated disbursements.
 - ✓ In consideration of the importance and to account for the main phases and efforts during the CCAA process, the Monitor has used alternate assumptions to allocate
 - the professional fees forming part of the Restructuring Costs, and
 - the corporate overhead and management costs of BLA.
 - ✓ The alternate assumptions are "effort based" consequent to the transactions made during the CCAA proceedings. Refer to the next pages for the overview of the effort impact on each entity and the impact on the allocation %.
 - ✓ For the other items being allocated, due to the absence of a direct impact from the "effort" and/or other form of allocation, and due to the low amounts for the costs portion, the allocation methodology remains the same.

Proposed Allocation Method – Alternate Scenario Assumptions

Corporate Overhead – BLA

Alternate allocation key :



Corporate Overhead BLA -

Allocation on the basis of efforts deployed (refer to Appendix C for the detailed analysis)

Corporate overhead expenses (BLA) Allocation of costs - Alternate scenario	Costs	Base Allocation ⁽¹⁾			matrix Filing)		A	lternate	allocatio	on
Entity Name (in thousand CAD)	Attribution	%	Oct-Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr +	Oct-Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr +
Xebec Adsorption Inc.	BLA	24.5%	In	In	Out	In	24.5%	30.5%	0.0%	24.5%
Compressed Air International Inc.	CAI	2.5%	In	In	Out	In	2.5%	3.2%	0.0%	2.5%
Applied Compression Systems Limited	ACS	3.5%	In	Out	Out	In	3.5%	0.0%	0.0%	3.5%
Xebec Adsorption USA Inc.	XSU	1.8%	In	In	In	In	1.8%	2.3%	3.9%	1.8%
CDA Systems, LLC	CDA	2.7%	In	In	Out	In	2.7%	3.4%	0.0%	2.7%
Enerphase Industrial Solutions Inc.	AIR	5.3%	In	In	In	In	5.3%	6.6%	11.4%	5.3%
The Titus Company	TIT	4.8%	In	In	In	In	4.8%	6.0%	10.3%	4.8%
Nortekbelair Corporation	NOR	2.7%	In	In	In	In	2.7%	3.4%	5.8%	2.7%
XBC Flow Services - Wisconsin Inc.	XBC	2.1%	In	In	In	In	2.1%	2.6%	4.5%	2.1%
California Compression LLC	CAL	3.8%	In	In	Out	In	3.8%	4.7%	0.0%	3.8%
Xebec Systems USA LLC (UEC)	UEC	19.8%	In	In	In	In	19.8%	24.6%	42.2%	19.8%
Xebec Italy	BLA	0.4%	In	In	In	In	0.4%	0.6%	1.0%	0.4%
Hygear	BLA	13.4%	In	Out	Out	In	13.4%	0.0%	0.0%	13.4%
Inmatec Germany	BLA	8.5%	In	In	In	In	8.5%	10.6%	18.2%	8.5%
Inmatec Dubai	BLA	1.3%	In	In	In	In	1.3%	1.7%	2.8%	1.3%
Tiger	BLA	2.6%	In	Out	Out	In	2.6%	0.0%	0.0%	2.6%
Total		100%	-				100%	100%	100%	100%
Xebec Adsorption Inc.	BLA	51%					51%	43%	22%	51%
Petitioners being recharged (excluding BLA)	Other	49%	_				49%	57%	78%	49%
Total		100%					100%	100%	100%	100%

Proposed Allocation Method – Alternate Scenario Assumptions

Professional Fees

Alternate allocation key :

2

Professional Fees – Allocation on the basis of efforts deployed

Alternate Sce	nario - I Before	Based	on Effo	rt		Allocati	ion - Base	ed on Proc	ceeds
Entity code	Jan	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr +	General	Jan	Feb	Mar
BLA	In	In	In	Out	In	37.0%	48.3%	31.4%	0.0%
CAI	In	In	In	Out	In	4.4%	5.7%	7.9%	0.0%
ACS	In	In	Out	Out	In	1.1%	1.4%	0.0%	0.0%
XSU	In	In	In	In	In	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
CDA	In	In	In	Out	In	12.5%	16.3%	22.4%	0.0%
AIR	In	Out	Out	In	In	2.8%	0.0%	0.0%	12.0%
TIT	In	Out	Out	In	In	3.9%	0.0%	0.0%	16.8%
NOR	In	Out	Out	In	In	0.6%	0.0%	0.0%	2.5%
XBC	In	Out	Out	In	In	4.1%	0.0%	0.0%	17.7%
CAL	In	In	In	Out	In	21.4%	27.9%	38.3%	0.0%
UEC	In	Out	Out	In	In	11.9%	0.0%	0.0%	51.1%
Hygear	In	In	In	In	In	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
TIGER	In	In	Out	Out	In	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
GNR	In	In	Out	Out	In	0.3%	0.4%	0.0%	0.0%
						100%	100%	100%	100%

Proposed Allocation Method – Alternate Scenario

Sensitivity Analysis – Main Scenario vs Alternate Scenario

XEBEC ADSORPTION INC. & Al.	Consolidated		EDC	EDC			EDC	EDC		EDC					
1ain Scenario vs Alternate Scenario	All entities							Petitioners							
As at June 8, 2023 - In thousands CAD	Petionners	CDA	CAL	BLA	CAI	ACS	UEC	XBC	TIT	NOR	GNR	AIR	XSU	XHU	XUK
Allocated net proceeds prior to distribution to creditors															
Main Scenario	11,873	1,036	1,173	-	1,343	1,103	3,469	196	597	1,423	23	1,459	37	13	-
Alternate Scenario	11,873	1,087	1,257	-	1,365	1,179	3,337	170	561	1,408	36	1,425	37	13	-
ariance compared to main scenario - Favorable (Unfavorable)	-	51	83	-	21	75	(132)	(26)	(36)	(16)	13	(34)	-	-	-
ariance - Bridge between scenarios - Favorable (Unfavorable) on	the Alternate S	enario													
Corporate recharge (BLA)	-	7	8	116	6	23	(90)	(11)	(22)	(13)	-	(24)	-	-	-
Professional fees	-	(94)	(160)	576	(33)	40	(172)	(60)	(57)	(9)	10	(41)	-	-	-
Net variance before shortfall allocation	-	(87)	(152)	692	(27)	63	(262)	(71)	(79)	(22)	10	(65)	-	-	-
Shortfall allocation variance	-	138	235	(692)	48	12	130	45	43	6	3	31	-	-	
	-	51	83		21	75	(132)	(26)	(36)	(16)	13	(34)			

Observations

- ✓ This alternative method is much more granular and imprecise, and more complex than the Main Scenario.
- ✓ Nominal variance with the Main Scenario for each Petitioner.
- ✓ For these reasons, the Monitor recommends the approval of the Main Scenario as the Proposed Allocation Method.

Xebec Monitor's Recommendation



Proposed Allocation Method Report

Monitor's Recommendation and Conclusion

The Monitor respectfully submits that the Court should approve the Proposed Allocation Method set forth in the Proposed Allocation Report.

The Proposed Allocation Method is the result of a detailed analysis and significant efforts deployed by the Monitor, with the assistance of the Petitioners.

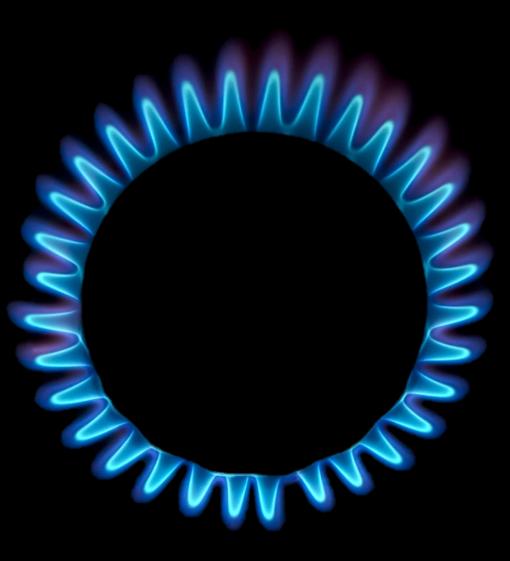
It is a fair, just and equitable methodology prepared based on the specifics of this particular file and is as extensive as possible in the circumstances, without being overly granular.

Moreover, the absence of significant variances between the Alternate Scenario and the Main Scenario demonstrates the equitable nature of the Proposed Allocation Method.

The approval of the Proposed Allocation Method will allow the Petitioners to reach a significant milestone in the CCAA Proceedings, with a view of progressing towards one or more plans of arrangement to their respective creditors, followed by distributions, as applicable.

Next steps will include the completion of the ongoing claims process, the determination of the final allocated amounts by Petitioner, using the Proposed Allocation Method, and the determination of how these final allocated amounts should be distributed to the creditors of the respective Petitioners, namely the unsecured creditors with proven claims in the estates where EDC has no security and EDC and/or the unsecured creditors with proven claims in the estates where EDC has security. These steps are expected to lead to the filing of one or more plan(s) of arrangement by the end of September 2023

Appendices



Appendix A Detailed Calculation – Main Scenario

XEBEC ADSORPTION INC. & Al. Proposed Allocation Method		Consolidated All		EDC	EDC			EDC	EDC Petitioners		EDC					Monitor's trust	Xebec UK
As at June 8, 2023 - In thousands CAD		Petionners	CDA	CAL	BLA	CAI	ACS	UEC	XBC	TIT	NOR	GNR	AIR	XSU	XHU	accounts	XUK
<u>Proceeds from transactions - Allocation</u> Proceeds from transactions Xebec UK Transaction estimated impact from BLA		28,988 7,021	4,510 -	7,712	6,320 7,021	1,580	400 -	4,274 -	1,477 -	1,402 -	209 -	100 -	1,004	-	-	28,988	7,617
Total Proceeds	Α	36,009	4,510	7,712	13,341	1,580	400	4,274	1,477	1,402	209	100	1,004	-	-	28,988	7,617
Allocation %		100.00%	12.52%	21.42%	37.05%	4.39%	1.11%	11.87%	4.10%	3.89%	0.58%	0.28%	2.79%	0.00%	0.00%		
Post-Filing Intercompany Transactions Net intercompany monetary transfers	B.1	-	971	334	(9,513)	1,532	976	6,357	395	925	1,811	-	2,210	(6,011)	13	-	-
Net intercompany transactions (sales and purchases)	B.2	-	(59)	74	909	(149)	248	(537)	(99)	159	83	-	(16)	(613)	-	-	-
Management fees - Corporate recharge (XSU) (5,394k)	B.3	-	(239)	(393)	(714)	(94)	-	(2,221)	(258)	(481)	(377)	-	(617)	5,394	-	-	-
Management fees - Corporate recharge (BLA) up to Apr 30 (2,152k)	B.4	-	(110)	(171)	2,152	(110)	(161)	(867)	(98)	(206)	(128)	-	(224)	(77)	-	-	-
Intercompany Transactions - Net	ΣВ	-	563	(156)	(7,166)	1,179	1,063	2,732	(60)	397	1,389	-	1,353	(1,307)	13	-	-
Allocations <u>Restructuring Costs & Secured Debt Reimbursements to be allocated</u> Aggregate disbursements to be allocated - From Petitioners Aggregate disbursements to be allocated - From Proceeds	C.1 C.2	21,508 7,111	-	-	20,110	-	-	-	-	54 -	-	-	-	1,344	-	- 7,111	-
Total to be allocated	ΣС	28,619	-	-	20,110	-	-	-	-	54	-	-	-	1,344	-	7,111	-
Restructuring Costs & Secured Debt Reimbursements - Allocation Disbursements - Paid Professional fees KERP DIP Financing - Interest and fees EDC - Secured debt - reimbursement NBC - Secured debt - reimbursement EDC - Secured debt - Fees and Interest (Capital reimbursement) NBC - Secured debt - Fees and Interest NBF Transaction charge		(14,118) (1,328) (545) (1,007) (1,866) (988) (138) (976)	(1,769) (166) (68) - (378) - (28) (122)	(3,025) (284) (117) (288) - (282) - (209)	(5,227) (492) (202) (497) (1,119) (488) (83) (361)	(620) (58) (24) - (133) - (10) (43)	(157) (15) (6) - (34) - (2) (11)	(1,676) (158) (65) (159) - (156) - (116)	(579) (54) (22) (55) - (54) - (40)	(550) (52) (21) - (118) - (9) (38)	(82) (8) (3) (8) - (8) - (6)	(39) (4) (2) - - - (3)	(394) (37) (15) - (84) - (6) (27)		- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - - -
Total - Paid	D.1	(20,966)	(2,531)	(4,205)	(8,469)	(888)	(225)	(2,330)	(804)	(788)	(115)	(48)	(563)	-	-	-	-
Disbursements - Future Professional fees KERP Other restructuring expenses Payroll		(3,470) (47) (1,292) (1,700)	(435) (6) (162) (213)	(743) (10) (277) (364)	(1,285) (17) (478) (629)	(152) (2) (57) (75)	(39) (1) (14) (19)	(412) (6) (153) (202)	(142) (2) (53) (70)	(135) (2) (50) (66)	(20) - (8) (10)	(10) - (4) (5)	(97) (1) (36) (47)		-	- - -	- - -
Total - Future	D.2	(6,509)	(816)	(1,394)	(2,409)	(286)	(73)	(773)	(267)	(253)	(38)	(19)	(181)	-	-	-	-
Other items to be allocated Professional fees - Theoretical amount (Administration Charge) FX Rate variance, bank fees and other expenses (Trust accounts)		(1,000) (144)	(125) (18)	(214) (31)	(370) (53)	(44) (6)	(11) (2)	(119) (17)	(41) (6)	(39) (6)	(6) (1)	(3)	(28) (4)	-	-	-	-
Total - Other items to be allocated	D.3	(1,144)	(143)	(245)	(423)	(50)	(13)	(136)	(47)	(45)	(7)	(3)	(32)	-	-	-	-
Total - Allocated disbursements	ΣD	(28,619)	(3,490)	(5,844)	(11,301)	(1,224)	(311)	(3,239)	(1,118)	(1,086)	(160)	(70)	(776)	-	-	-	-
<u>DIP Financing receipts to be allocated</u> DIP Financing receipts - To be allocated DIP Financing receipts - Allocation	E F	(8,950) 8,950	- 1,121	- 1,916	(8,950) 3,314	- 393	- 100	- 1,062	- 369	- 347	- 53	- 25	- 250	-	-	-	-
Total - Allocation net impact	ΣC to F	-	(2,369)	(3,928)	3,173	(831)	(211)	(2,177)	(749)	(685)	(107)	(45)	(526)	1,344	-	-	-
Use of proceeds to cover Restructuring Costs (authorized by the Court)	G	(7,111)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(7,111)	-
Net proceeds before DIP Financing and other Secured Debts reimbursemen	ntΣA to G	28,898	2,704	3,628	9,348	1,928	1,252	4,829	668	1,114	1,491	55	1,831	37	13	21,877	7,617
																	_

Appendix A – cont'd

Detailed Calculation – Main Scenario

XEBEC ADSORPTION INC. & Al.	Consolidated		EDC	EDC			EDC	EDC		EDC					Monitor's	
Proposed Allocation Method As at June 8, 2023 - In thousands CAD	All Petionners	CDA	CAL	BLA	CAI	ACS	P UEC	etitioners XBC	TIT	NOR	GNR	AIR	XSU	ХНО	trust accounts	Xebec Uł XUK
Net proceeds before DIP Financing and other Secured Debts reimbursements	28,898	2,704	3,628	9,348	1,928	1,252	4,829	668	1,114	1,491	55	1,831	37	13	21,877	7,61
<u> Xebec UK transaction - Impact</u>																
Repayment of NBC secured debt																
NBC> Revolver	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4,90
NBC> Mastercard	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(4
NBC> EDC (guarantor) - LC Facility (drawn LCs)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(49
NBC> EDC (guarantor) - LC Facility (London RNG paid in trust to Monitor - Partial)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,17
Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(7,61
Xebec UK transaction - BLA estimated impact																
Pro forma repayment to Xebec UK (Subrogated in the rights of NBC)	(7,617)	-	-	(7,617)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Estimated proceeds to BLA (92.17%)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(7,02
Other known unsecured creditors (7.83%)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(596)	(59
Total	(7,617)	-	-	(7,617)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(596)	(7,61
Available net proceeds - After UK Transaction Impact	21,281	2,704	3,628	1,731	1,928	1,252	4,829	668	1,114	1,491	55	1,831	37	13	21,281	-
DIP Financing repayments - Allocation																
NBC - First DIP	(1,500)	(188)	(321)	(555)	(66)	(17)	(178)	(62)	(58)	(9)	(4)	(42)	-	-	-	-
EDC - First DIP	(1,500)	(188)	(321)	(555)	(66)	(17)	(178)	(62)	(58)	(9)	(4)	(42)	-	-	-	-
EDC - Second DIP	(2,500)	(313)	(535)	(925)	(110)	(28)	(297)	(103)	(97)	(15)	(7)	(70)	-	-	-	-
EDC - Third DIP	(3,450)	(432)	(739)	(1,279)	(151)	(38)	(409)	(142)	(134)	(20)	(10)	(96)	-	-	-	-
Total	(8,950)	(1,121)	(1,916)	(3,314)	(393)	(100)	(1,062)	(369)	(347)	(53)	(25)	(250)	-	-	(8,950)	-
Excess (shortfall) after DIP Financing repayments	12,331	1,583	1,712	(1,583)	1,535	1,152	3,767	299	767	1,438	30	1,581	37	13	12,331	-
Shortfall allocation	-	(315)	(539)	1,583	(110)	(28)	(298)	(103)	(98)	(15)	(7)	(70)	-	-	-	
Total DIP Financing repayments (incl. shortfall allocation)	(8,950)	(1,436)	(2,455)	(1,731)	(503)	(128)	(1,360)	(472)	(445)	(68)	(32)	(320)	-	-	(8,950)	-
Available net proceeds - After allocated DIP repayments	12,331	1,268	1,173	-	1,425	1,124	3,469	196	669	1,423	23	1,511	37	13	12,331	-
Estimated outstanding letters of credit ("LC")																
NBC (EDC as quarantor) - Letter of credit (London RNG) - Unpaid portion	(218)	(111)	-	-	(39)	(10)	-	-	(34)	-	-	(25)	-	-	(218)	
NBC (EDC as guarantor) - Letters of credit (Outstanding LCs)	(240)	(122)	-	-	(43)	(11)	-	-	(38)	-	-	(27)	-	-	(240)	-
Outstanding letters of credit - estimated future repayment	(458)	(232)	-	-	(81)	(21)	-	-	(72)	-	-	(52)	-	-	(458)	-
······································	(100)	()			()	()			()			()			()	
Allocated net proceeds prior to distribution to creditors	11,873	1,036	1,173	-	1,343	1,103	3,469	196	597	1,423	23	1,459	37	13	11,873	-

Appendix B BLA Corporate Overhead – Detailed Allocation

Corporate overhead expenses (BLA) Allocation of costs	Costs	Allocatio	n of general	corporat	e overhead	costs ⁽¹⁾	Direct ⁽²⁾	Total
Entity Name (in thousand CAD)	Attribution	Sales	Headcount	Assets	Average	\$	\$	\$
Xebec Adsorption Inc.	BLA	17.1%	23.3%	33.1%	24.5%	992	-	992
Compressed Air International Inc.	CAI	4.1%	2.4%	1.1%	2.5%	103	8	111
Applied Compression Systems Limited	ACS	2.0%	4.6%	3.9%	3.5%	141	20	161
Xebec Adsorption USA Inc.	XSU	0.8%	3.4%	1.2%	1.8%	73	4	77
CDA Systems, LLC	CDA	3.6%	1.8%	2.7%	2.7%	110	-	110
Enerphase Industrial Solutions Inc.	AIR	7.9%	5.6%	2.5%	5.3%	216	8	224
The Titus Company	TIT	6.3%	4.6%	3.6%	4.8%	195	11	206
Nortekbelair Corporation	NOR	3.9%	3.4%	0.8%	2.7%	110	17	127
XBC Flow Services - Wisconsin Inc.	XBC	3.0%	2.0%	1.4%	2.1%	85	13	98
California Compression LLC	CAL	6.0%	3.0%	2.4%	3.8%	154	18	172
Xebec Systems USA LLC (UEC)	UEC	23.0%	13.7%	22.7%	19.8%	801	67	866
Xebec Italy	BLA	0.2%	0.0%	1.2%	0.4%	18	-	18
Hygear	BLA	7.0%	17.1%	16.1%	13.4%	543	18	563
Inmatec Germany	BLA	10.1%	10.0%	5.6%	8.5%	345	-	345
Inmatec Dubai	BLA	2.1%	1.2%	0.7%	1.3%	54	-	54
Tiger	BLA	2.8%	4.0%	1.1%	2.6%	107	5	112
Total		100%	100%	100%	100%	4,047	189	4,236
Xebec Adsorption Inc.	BLA	39%	56%	58%	51%	2,059	23	2,084
Petitioners recharged (excluding BLA)	Other	61%	44%	42%	49%	1,988	166	2,152
Total		100%	100%	100%	100%	4,047	189	4,236

Note

1 General overhead costs were allocated based on the methodology used by Xebec Management in FY21.

Some expenses incured by BLA on behalf of other entities (such as insurances, employee benefits, etc.) are specifically

2 charged back to these entities.

Appendix C

BLA Corporate Overhead – Detailed Allocation – Alternate scenario

Corporate overhead expenses (BLA)		Base		Effort I												
Allocation of costs - Alternate scenario	Costs	Allocation ⁽¹⁾		(Post-Filing)		Alternate allocation			Allocation by month based on effort							
Entity Name (in thousand CAD)	Attribution	%	Before Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr +	Before Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr +	Jan	Feb	Mar	Other	Direct	Total
Xebec Adsorption Inc.	BLA	24.5%	In	In	Out	In	24.5%	30.5%	0.0%	24.5%	156	103	-	675	-	934
Compressed Air International Inc.	CAI	2.5%	In	In	Out	In	2.5%	3.2%	0.0%	2.5%	16	11	-	70	8	105
Applied Compression Systems Limited	ACS	3.5%	In	Out	Out	In	3.5%	0.0%	0.0%	3.5%	22	-	-	96	20	138
Xebec Adsorption USA Inc.	XSU	1.8%	In	In	In	In	1.8%	2.3%	3.9%	1.8%	12	8	12	50	4	85
CDA Systems, LLC	CDA	2.7%	In	In	Out	In	2.7%	3.4%	0.0%	2.7%	17	11	-	75	-	103
Enerphase Industrial Solutions Inc.	AIR	5.3%	In	In	In	In	5.3%	6.6%	11.4%	5.3%	34	23	36	147	8	248
The Titus Company	TIT	4.8%	In	In	In	In	4.8%	6.0%	10.3%	4.8%	31	20	33	133	11	228
Nortekbelair Corporation	NOR	2.7%	In	In	In	In	2.7%	3.4%	5.8%	2.7%	17	11	18	75	17	139
XBC Flow Services - Wisconsin Inc.	XBC	2.1%	In	In	In	In	2.1%	2.6%	4.5%	2.1%	13	9	14	58	13	108
California Compression LLC	CAL	3.8%	In	In	Out	In	3.8%	4.7%	0.0%	3.8%	24	16	-	104	18	163
Xebec Systems USA LLC (UEC)	UEC	19.8%	In	In	In	In	19.8%	24.6%	42.2%	19.8%	126	83	134	545	67	955
Xebec Italy	BLA	0.4%	In	In	In	In	0.4%	0.6%	1.0%	0.4%	3	2	3	12	-	20
Hygear	BLA	13.4%	In	Out	Out	In	13.4%	0.0%	0.0%	13.4%	85	-	-	369	18	473
Inmatec Germany	BLA	8.5%	In	In	In	In	8.5%	10.6%	18.2%	8.5%	54	36	58	235	-	383
Inmatec Dubai	BLA	1.3%	In	In	In	In	1.3%	1.7%	2.8%	1.3%	8	6	9	37	-	60
Tiger	BLA	2.6%	In	Out	Out	In	2.6%	0.0%	0.0%	2.6%	17	-	-	73	5	95
Total		100%	•				100%	100%	100%	100%	637	339	317	2,754	189	4,236
Xebec Adsorption Inc.	BLA	51%					51%	43%	22%	51%	324	147	70	1,401	23	1,965
Petitioners being recharged (excluding BLA)	Other	49%					49%	57%	78%	49%	313	192	247	1,353	166	2,271
Total		100%	•				100%	100%	100%	100%	637	339	317	2,754	189	4,236

Appendix D Non-Petitioners Intercompany Transactions – Detail

Ion-Petitioners Intercompany Sales & Purchases										
Seller	Purchaser	Invoice Date	Amount	Currency	FX Rate	Converted Amount				
TIGER	BLA	10-Oct-22	18,367	GBP	1.6809	30,872				
TIGER	BLA	12-Oct-22	6,063	GBP	1.6809	10,192				
TIGER	TIT	21-Oct-22	65	GBP	1.6809	109				
TIGER	TIT	8-Nov-22	542	GBP	1.6809	912				
TIGER	TIT	8-Nov-22	1,628	GBP	1.6809	2,737				
BLA	HYB	16-Dec-22	2,113	EUR	1.4622	3,090				
BLA	HYB	17-Jan-23	76,602	EUR	1.4622	112,008				
BLA	ITA	19-Jan-23	56,251	EUR	1.4622	82,249				

Ion-Petitioners Intercompany Monetary Transfers											
Issuer	Beneficiary	Transfer Date	Amount	Currency	FX Rate	Converted Amount					
TIT	TIGER	16-Nov-22	491	USD	1.3582	667					
TIGER	BLA	20-Dec-22	150,000	EUR	1.4622	219,330					
BLA	GVH	20-Dec-22	150,000	EUR	1.4622	219,330					
IGT	BLA	22-Dec-22	50,000	EUR	1.4622	73,110					

NOTES

- ✓ This list represent solely the transactions with non-petitioners involving petitioners and do not include any transactions between non-petitioners.
- \checkmark The transactions on December 20, 2022 between Tiger \rightarrow BLA \rightarrow GVH represent an advance of funds that was made by Tiger to GVH which transited via an account of BLA to take advantage of more favorable exchange rate and to accelerate the transfer of funds.

Appendix E Group Naming Convention and Entity Codes

egal names	Entity Code	Petitioners
FormerXBC Inc. (formerly, Xebec Adsorption Inc.)	BLA	Petitioner
11941666 Canada Inc. (formerly, Xebec RNG Holdings Inc.)	GNR	Petitioner
1224933 Ontario Inc. (formerly, Compressed Air International Inc.)	CAI	Petitioner
Applied Compression Systems Limited	ACS	Petitioner
FormerXBC Holding USA Inc. (formely, Xebec Holding USA Inc.)	XHU	Petitioner
Enerphase Industrial Solutions Inc.	AIR	Petitioner
CDA Systems, LLC	CDA	Petitioner
FormerXBC Adsorption USA Inc. (formely, Xebec Adsorption USA Inc.)	XSU	Petitioner
FormerXBC Pennsylvania Company (formerly, The Titus Company)	TIT	Petitioner
FormerXBC NOR Corporation (formely, Nortekbelair Corporation)	NOR	Petitioner
FormerXBC Flow Services - Wisconsin Inc. (formerly, XBC Flow Services - Wisconsin Inc.)	ХВС	Petitioner
California Compression LLC	CAL	Petitioner
FormerXBC Systems USA, LLC (formerly, Xebec Systems USA LLC)	UEC	Petitioner
Tiger Filtration Limited	TIGER	Non-Petitione
Xebec Holding UK Limited	ХИК	Non-Petitione
Inmatec Gas Technology FZC-LLC	IGT	Non-Petitione
Inmatec GaseTechnologie GmbH & Co. KG	IGG	Non-Petitione
Xebec Komplementär GmbH / Xebec Complimentar GmbH	XKG	Non-Petitione
Xebec Italy S.r.l.	ITA	Non-Petitione
Xebec Europe B.V.	EUR	Non-Petitione
Green Vision Holding B.V.	GVH	Non-Petitione
HyGear B.V.	НҮВ	Non-Petitione
HyGear Technology and Services B.V.	НҮТ	Non-Petitione
HyGear Operations B.V.	НҮО	Non-Petitione
HyGear Fuel Cell Systems B.V.	HYF	Non-Petitione
HyGear Hydrogen Plant B.V.	НҮН	Non-Petitione
Buse HyGear Limited	ВНҮ	Non-Petitione
GNR Québec Capital Management Inc. / Gestion GNR Québec Capital Inc.	GNR1	Non-Petitione
GNR Québec Capital S.E.C. / GNR Québec Capital L.P.	GNR2	Non-Petitione
GNR Bromont Management Inc. / Gestion GNR Bromont Inc.	GNR3	Non-Petitione
GNR Bromont S.E.C. / GNR Bromont L.P.	GNR4	Non-Petitione
Xebec Deutschland GmbH	DEU	Non-Petitione
Xebec Adsorption Asia PTE LTD	ASIA	Non-Petitione
Xebec Adsorption (Shanghai) Co. Ltd.	SHG	Non-Petitione

Appendix F

Monitor's trust account reconciliation

Breakdown of net proceeds and transactions from the Monitor's trust accounts In \$000s CAD, as of June 8, 2023	Petitioners		Amounts
ROCEEDS FROM TRANSACTIONS			
Transactions - Part of the SISP process			
1396905 B.C. LTD	ACS		400
FSTQ	GNR		100
Sullair	CDA & CAL		12,222
Ivys Energy Solutions	BLA & CAI		7,900
Next Air & Gas	NOR		209
Curtis Toledo Fluid-Aire Dynamics	AIR TIT		895 1,402
Total Energy Systems	XBC		1,402
EnergyLink	UEC		4,037
EnergyEnix	020		28,643
			28,043
Closed transactions - Remaining Other Assets Air Products	UEC		236
Enerphase - Vehicle Fleet sales	AIR		230
		. —	
Total proceeds		Α	28,988
AYMENTS MADE TO THE BENEFICIARIES OF THE CCAA CHARGES AND OTHER DIS	BURSEMENTS		
Professionnal fees			1,489
Interest and fees on DIP Financing			3:
Transaction Fee KERP			975
Interest revenues (net of bank fees)			432
Foreign exchange loss (gain)			178
loreign exchange loss (gain)		в	3,066
DIP Facility - Reimbursement to NBC			1,500
DIP Facility - Reimbursement to EDC			1,500
Second DIP Facility - Reimbursement to EDC Third DIP Facility - Reimbursement to EDC			2,500 3,450
Third DIP Facility - Reinbursement to EDC			
		в	8,950
Outstanding balance as of May 18, 2023	C=((A-B)	16,972
PCOMING DISBURSEMENTS FROM THE TRUST ACCOUNTS			
KERP			45
Professional Fees - Theoretical amount of the Administration Charge			1,000
Funds from net proceeds - Transfer to the operation accounts			3,000
Other potential distribution related to the Xebec UK Transaction			596
		D	4,641
Outstanding balance after priority charges	E=((C-D)	12,331
OTENTIAL TRANSACTIONS - OTHER REMAINING ASSETS			
Biostream Assets	UEC		ТВС
Western Midstream	UEC		TBD
Filters	XSU		TBD
Claims to Non-Petitionners	IGT		TBD
Claims to Non-Petitionners	ITA		TBD
London RNG	BLA	_	TBE
Total proceeds from transactions to be completed		F	-
		(E+F)	12,331

Deloitte.

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As at February 23, 2023

xebec

SUMMARY SECURITY TABLE - EDC/NBC SECURITY AND GUARANTEES ON THE ASSETS OF PETITIONER ENTITIES OF THE XEBEC GROUP

NAME OF ENTITY AS AT THE FILING DATE	Xebec Adsorption Inc.	Xebec RNG Holdings Inc.	Applied Compression Systems Ltd.	Compressed Air International Inc.	Xebec Holding USA Inc.	Enerphase Industrial Solutions, Inc.	CDA Systems, LLC	Xebec Adsorption USA Inc.	The Titus Company	Nortekbelair Corporation	XBC Flow Services – Wisconsin Inc.	California Compression, LLC	Xebec Systems USA, LLC
ACRONYM	BLA	GNR	ACS	CAI	XHU	AIR	CDA	XSU	TIT	NOR	XBC	CAL	UEC
1 ST RANKING SECURITY	NBC	NBC	NBC	NBC	EDC (solely on shares held by XHU in NOR, XBC, CAL and UEC, (collectively "TargetCo Shares")) + Otherwise, NBC	NBC	NBC	NBC	NBC	EDC	EDC	EDC	EDC
2 ND RANKING SECURITY	EDC	N/A	N/A	N/A	EDC (except on TargetCo Shares) + Otherwise, NBC	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	NBC	NBC	NBC	NBC
UNSECURED GUARANTEE	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	NBC	N/A	EDC	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
JURISDICTION	CAN	CAN	CAN	US	US	US	US	US	US	US	US	US	US



Deloitte Restructuring Inc.

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C A N A D A PROVINCE OF QUEBEC DISTRICT OF MONTREAL COUR N° : 500-11-061483-224

SUPERIOR COURT Commercial Division

IN THE MATTER OF A PLAN OF ARRANGEMENT OR COMPROMISE OF:

FORMERXBC INC. (formerly XEBEC ADSORPTION INC.) ET AL.

Debtors / Petitioners

- and -

Deloitte Restructuring Inc.

Monitor

NOTICE OF AN INFORMATION SESSION IN RESPECT OF THE PROPOSED ALLOCATION METHOD REPORT

TAKE NOTICE that:

- The Monitor will hold a virtual meeting for creditors on Tuesday, June 20, 2023 at 1pm EST, during which it will present the Proposed Allocation Method Report and will answer questions by interested parties, prior to presenting same for approval by the Court at the hearing scheduled on June 27, 2023.
- The Proposed Allocation Method Report is contemplated by the CCAA Court orders (including namely para. 28 to 30 of the Fifth ARIO dated March 27, 2023) and will be notified to the service list by the end of the week of June 12, 2023 and posted on the Monitor's website.
- 3. This meeting will be held by videoconference. In order to attend the virtual meeting, a request must be sent to the Monitor by email to <u>xebec ccaa@deloitte.ca</u> <u>before June 20, 2023 at 11am EST</u>, with the name and coordinates of the participant and, if applicable, the party he or she represents.
- 4. Those who have pre-registered will receive a link by email which will grant access to the virtual meeting. Please note that only the registered participant will be admitted to the meeting.
- 5. While this meeting is an information session only, interested parties are encouraged to participate in order to hear the Monitor's description of the Proposed Allocation Method and to ask questions they deem appropriate regarding the Proposed Allocation Method Report. **No vote will be held during the meeting**.

DATED AT MONTREAL, this 14th day of June, 2023.

Deloitte Restructuring Inc.

Acting in its capacity as Monitor of the Petitioners and not in its personal capacity.



Restructuration Deloitte Inc.

La Tour Deloitte 1190 avenue des Canadiens-de-Montréal Suite 500 Montreal QC H3B 0M7 Canada Tel: 514-393-7115 Fax: 514-390-4103 Email: montrealrs@deloitte.ca www.insolvencies.deloite.ca

C A N A D A PROVINCE DE QUÉBEC DISTRICT DE MONTRÉAL COUR Nº : 500-11-061483-224 COUR SUPÉRIEURE (Chambre commerciale)

DANS L'AFFAIRE DU PLAN D'ARRANGEMENT EN VERTU DE LA LACC DE : FORMERXBC INC. (formerly XEBEC ADSORPTION INC.) ET AL.

Débitrices

- and -

RESTRUCTURATION DELOITTE INC.

Contrôleur

AVIS D'UNE SÉANCE D'INFORMATION AUX PARTIES INTÉRESSÉES AU SUJET DU PROPOSED ALLOCATION METHOD REPORT (le « Rapport sur la Méthode de répartition proposée»)

PRENEZ AVIS QUE:

- Le Contrôleur tiendra une réunion virtuelle pour les créanciers le mardi 20 juin 2023 à 13 h HNE, au cours de laquelle il répondra aux questions que pourraient avoir des parties intéressées en lien avec le Rapport sur la Méthode de répartition proposée, avant sa présentation au Tribunal pour approbation lors de l'audience prévue le 27 juin 2023.
- 2. Le Rapport sur la Méthode de répartition proposée est contemplé par les ordonnances rendues par le Tribunal dans le présent dossier (incluant notamment les para. 28 à 30 du *Fifth ARIO* daté du 27 mars 2023) et sera notifié à la liste de notification d'ici la fin de la semaine du 12 juin 2023 et sera également affiché sur le site Web du contrôleur.
- 3. Cette réunion se tiendra par visioconférence. Afin d'assister à la rencontre virtuelle, une demande doit être transmise au Contrôleur par courriel à <u>xebec ccaa@deloitte.ca</u> avant le 20 juin 2023 à 11 h HNE, avec le nom et les coordonnées du participant et, le cas échéant, la partie qu'il ou elle représente.
- 4. Seules les personnes inscrites recevront un lien par courriel qui leur donnera accès à la réunion virtuelle. Veuillez noter que seuls les participants inscrits seront admis à la réunion.
- 5. Bien que cette réunion ne soit qu'une séance d'information, les parties intéressées sont encouragées à y participer afin d'assister à la présentation du Contrôleur sur la méthode de répartition proposée (*Proposed Allocation Method*) et de poser les questions qu'elles jugeront appropriées concernant le Rapport sur la Méthode de répartition proposée. Aucun vote ne sera tenu lors la réunion.

MONTRÉAL, le 14 juin 2023

Restructuration Deloitte Inc.

Agissant en sa qualité de Contrôleur des Débitrices et non pas en sa capacité personnelle ou corporative